



MOD 3-15KTL3-HU

&

User Manual

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2 Product overview

2.1 Introduction

Features

The MOD TL3-HU is a high-quality Hybrid Inverter designed to convert solar energy into AC energy or store energy in the battery. Energy output from the inverter can be used to optimize self-consumption, store in the battery for future use or feed into the public grid. Users are allowed to configure different operating modes based on the PV generation and their needs. During a power outage, it can discharge the battery and work in the off-grid mode to supply power.

Model description

MOD 15K TL3 - HU
① ② ③ ④ ⑤

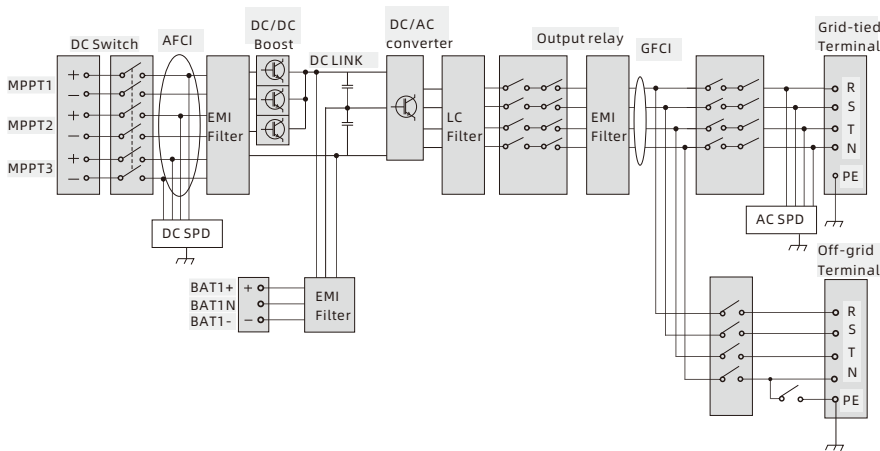
Table 2-1 Model description

| Designation | Meaning | Description |
|-------------|-------------------------|---|
| ① | Product series | MOD: Product series name |
| ② | Power class | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 15K: the rated power is 15kW• 13K: the rated power is 13kW• 12K: the rated power is 12kW• 11K: the rated power is 11kW• 10K: the rated power is 10kW• 9000: the rated power is 9000W• 8000: the rated power is 8000W• 7000: the rated power is 7000W• 6000: the rated power is 6000W• 5000: the rated power is 5000W• 4000: the rated power is 4000W• 3000: the rated power is 3000W |
| ③ | Electronic architecture | TL: transformerless inverter |
| ④ | AC output | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• /: single-phase• 3: three-phase |
| ⑤ | Feature | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• X: PV Inverter• XH: Hybrid Inverter• XA: Storage Inverter• HU: Hybrid UPS Inverter |

2.2 Working principle

The MOD 3-9KTL3-HU inverter features 2 independent MPPT. The MOD 10-15KTL3-HU inverter features 3 independent MPPT (maximum power point tracking) channels. The inverter performs maximum power point tracking on the string inputs through the PV circuits and then converts the direct current (DC) to three-phase alternating current (AC) through the inverter circuit. It supports surge protection on the DC side and surge protection as well as ground fault protection on the AC side.

Figure 2-1 Schematic diagram



2.3 Operating status

There are four operating statuses of the MOD TL3-HU inverter: Standby, Normal, Fault and Update.

Figure 2-2 Operating mode

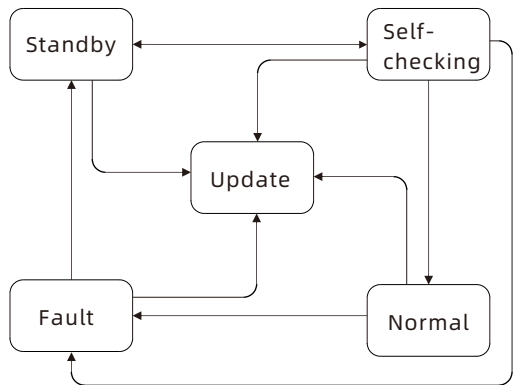



Table 2-2 Operating mode description

| Operating status | Description |
|------------------|--|
| Standby | Receive a shutdown command or the PV voltage does not meet the requirement for grid connection |
| Self-checking | Conduct self-check to check if the grid connection requirements are met |
| Normal | Successfully connected to the grid or the inverter is working in the off-grid mode normally |
| Fault | A fault has occurred. When the inverter is in grid-connected state, cut to bypass state or exit grid-connected state; when the inverter is in off-grid state, exit off-grid state. |
| Update | Updating the firmware |

2.4 Application scenarios

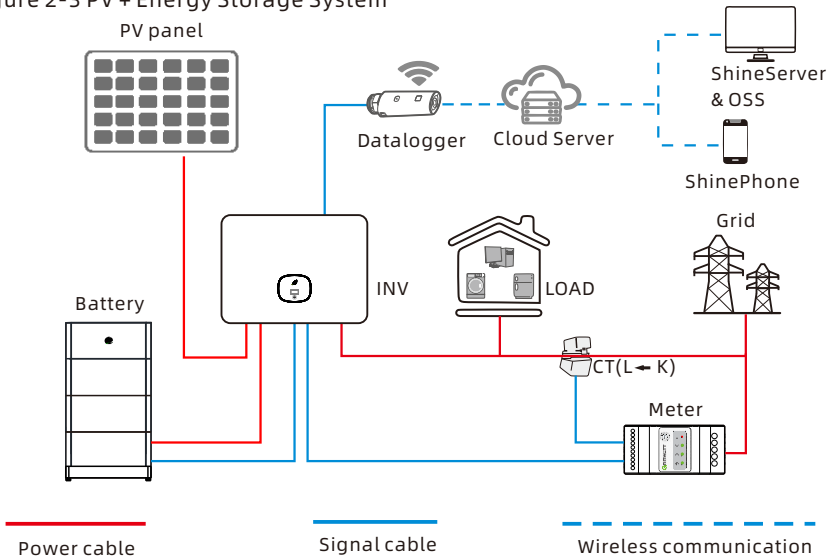
2.4.1 Grid-tied PV & ESS (Energy Storage System)



NOTICE

- The MOD TL3-HU inverter, when paired with batteries, offers the grid-tied “PV+ Energy Storage” solution.
- In this application scenario, an external energy meter is required. The meter should be installed between the grid and the load. Failure to do so will render the configuration of different operating modes for the system ineffective.

Figure 2-3 PV + Energy Storage System



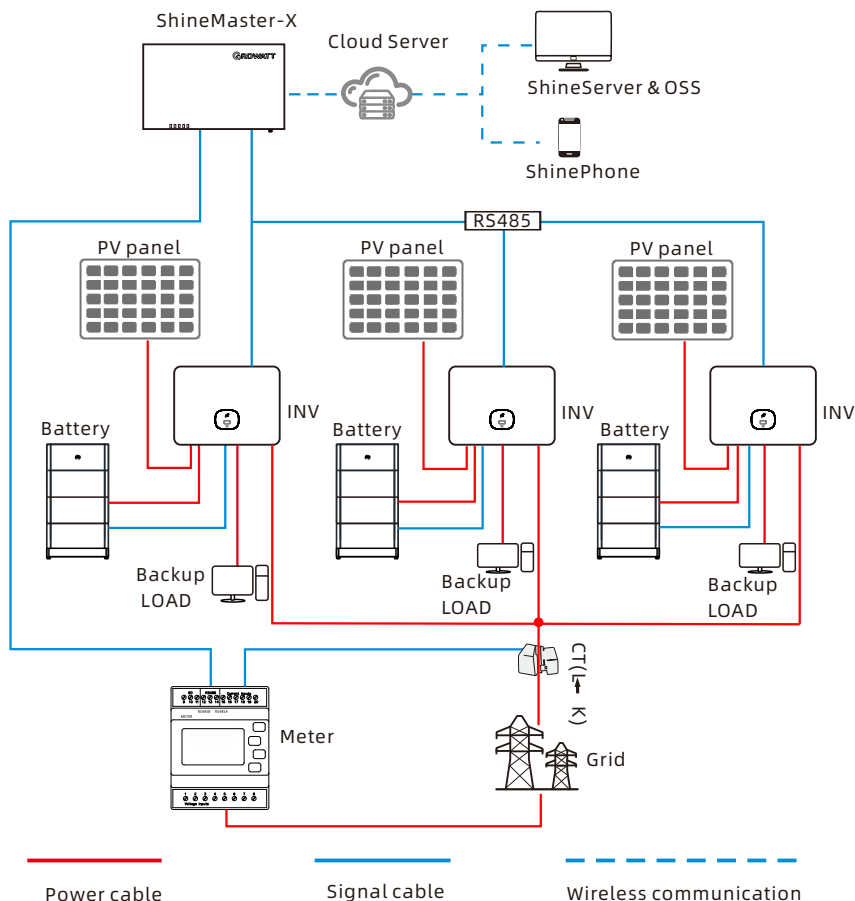
2.4.2 Grid-tied inverters connected in parallel



NOTICE

- The MOD TL3-HU inverters can be connected in parallel, but MOD TL3-HU does support parallel connection with other models.
- Need to be used with a datalogger, ShineMaster-X or GroHome Manager-X monitoring parallel system.
- With ShineMaster-X and SEM-XA-R, a maximum of 9 MOD-HU units can be connected in parallel. With GroHomeManager-X, a maximum of 5 units can be connected in parallel.
- To enable the parallel operation, the system should be upgraded.
- It is recommended to connect a bypass breaker between each backup load and the grid. Refer to Figure 2-5 for wiring.

Figure 2-4 Parallel system



2.4.3 Partial backup


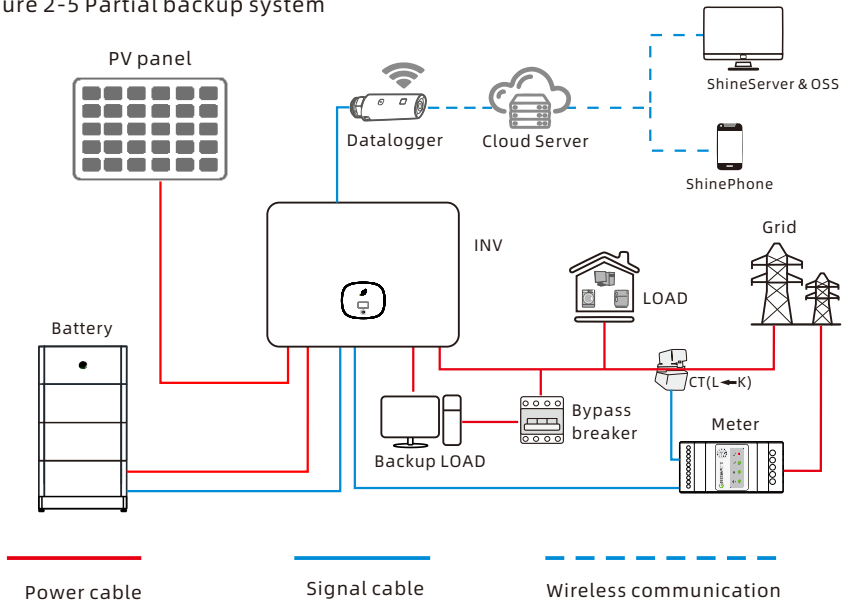
| | |
|--|---|
| <div> NOTICE</div> | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Due to the power limitations of the battery and the inverter, not all the electrical appliances can be powered when the system goes off-grid. You can configure the partial back-up function with the essential loads connected to the LOAD port on the inverter and other loads to the grid.• It is recommended that an external manual bypass breaker be added, as shown in Figure 2-5, to avoid disconnecting the load in the event of a machine bypass operation failure |
|--|---|

Figure 2-5 Partial backup system



2.4.4 Whole-home backup


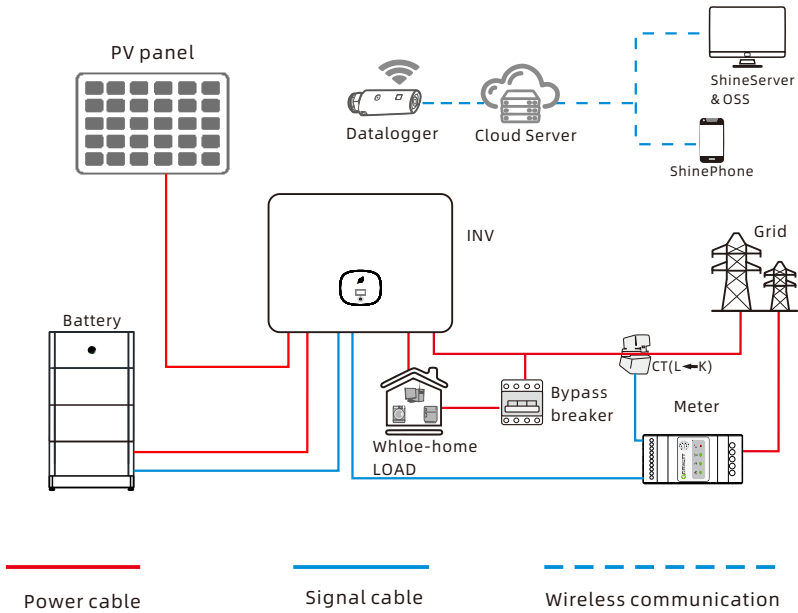
| | |
|--|---|
| <div> NOTICE</div> | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• When the maximum power output capacity of the system in the off-grid state surpasses the total power demand of the electrical appliances, you can configure the system for a whole-home backup setup. In this case, you can connect all loads to the LOAD port of the inverter.• It is not recommended to connect a load greater than the rated power of the inverter. |
|--|---|

Figure 2-6 Whole-home backup system



2.5 Operating mode



NOTICE

- The MOD TL3-HU inverter offers three operating modes and 9 configurable time segments, enabling to operate the inverter in a specific mode during different periods. For details, please refer to Section 8.4 Setting the operating modes.
- In areas with high electricity prices or areas where no grid subsidies are available, it is recommended to set the Load First mode.
- In areas with time-of-use electricity rates (peak/off-peak rates), it is recommended to configure a combination of modes. During peak-rate periods, set the inverter to the Grid First mode, and during off-peak-rate periods, set it to the Battery First mode.
- If the local power grid is unstable or fails, the inverter can automatically switch to off-grid mode to ensure that critical loads are powered on continuously.

2.5.1 Load First mode

Priority: Load > Battery > Grid. When the solar power is sufficient, it is prioritized towards supplying the loads. The surplus energy is used to charge the battery and then export to the grid.

When the solar power is insufficient or the PV panels are not generating power, the battery will discharge to support the loads. If the battery discharges to the user-defined discharge cutoff SOC, it will stop discharging and the system will draw power from the grid to support the loads.

If the “charge from grid” function is enabled in compliance with local regulations, the battery charges at the maximum power (unless limited by the user-defined battery charging power). If the PV energy is insufficient, it will draw energy from the grid.

2.5.2 Battery First mode

Priority: Battery > Load > Grid. When the solar power is sufficient, it is prioritized towards charging the battery. The surplus energy goes to supply the loads and then export to the grid.

When the solar power is insufficient or the PV panels are not generating power, all solar power is used to charge the battery and energy drawn from the grid will support the loads.

If the “charge from grid” function is enabled in compliance with local regulations, the battery charges at the maximum power (unless limited by the user-defined battery charging power). If the PV energy is insufficient, it will draw energy from the grid.

2.5.3 Grid First mode

Priority: Load > Grid > Battery. When the solar power is sufficient, the inverter operates at its maximum output power to support the loads and export to the grid. The surplus solar power will charge the battery. If the solar power is insufficient, the battery will discharge.


2.5.4 Backup mode



- The MOD TL3-HU inverters support off-grid operation. To enable this feature, you need to purchase a compatible battery system (APX 98034-P2).

The Backup mode is mainly designed for scenarios with an unstable grid and critical loads. In the event of a grid anomaly or outage, the inverter switches to the off-grid mode (default values: 230/400V, 50Hz) to supply power to critical loads. When the grid power is restored, the inverter switches back to the grid-tied mode.

2.5.4.1 The maximum off-grid power and recommended battery configuration



Information

- The BMS (battery management system) supports up to 6 battery modules (APX 5.0P-B1).
- The maximum off-grid output power is determined by several factors, including the power of the battery system and the inverter’s power rating. The power of each battery module is 2.5kW. Please choose the appropriate battery configuration to meet your power needs.

The table below illustrates the relationship between the maximum off-grid output power, the number of battery modules (BM) and the inverter power rating.

Table 2-3 Relationship between the Max. off-grid output power, the number of BM and the inverter rating power (without PV)

| <div> <div>No. of BM</div> <div>Model Output power</div> </div> | | APX 5.0P-B1 | | | | | |
|--|----------------|-------------|-----|-------|------|--------|------|
| | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| | MOD 3000TL3-HU | 2.5kW | 3kW | 3kW | 3kW | 3kW | 3kW |
| | MOD 4000TL3-HU | 2.5kW | 4kW | 4kW | 4kW | 4kW | 4kW |
| | MOD 5000TL3-HU | 2.5kW | 5kW | 5kW | 5kW | 5kW | 5kW |
| | MOD 6000TL3-HU | 2.5kW | 5kW | 6kW | 6kW | 6kW | 6kW |
| | MOD 7000TL3-HU | 2.5kW | 5kW | 7kW | 7kW | 7kW | 7kW |
| | MOD 8000TL3-HU | 2.5kW | 5kW | 7.5kW | 8kW | 8kW | 8kW |
| | MOD 9000TL3-HU | 2.5kW | 5kW | 7.5kW | 9kW | 9kW | 9kW |
| | MOD 10KTL3-HU | 2.5kW | 5kW | 7.5kW | 10kW | 10kW | 10kW |
| | MOD 11KTL3-HU | 2.5kW | 5kW | 7.5kW | 10kW | 11kW | 11kW |
| | MOD 12KTL3-HU | 2.5kW | 5kW | 7.5kW | 10kW | 12kW | 12kW |
| | MOD 13KTL3-HU | 2.5kW | 5kW | 7.5kW | 10kW | 12.5kW | 13kW |
| | MOD 15KTL3-HU | 2.5kW | 5kW | 7.5kW | 10kW | 12.5kW | 15kW |

2.6 Functions


2.6.1 Touch button

The MOD TL3-HU inverter features a touch button for user interaction. Tapping the button allows you to view different contents displayed on the OLED screen. Configuring parameters on the OLED display is also supported. For details, please refer to Section 6 Human-machine interaction.

2.6.2 LED indicator

The MOD TL3-HU inverter is equipped with a leaf-shaped LED indicator, which demonstrates the operating status of the inverter. The meaning of the LED indication is illustrated in the table below:

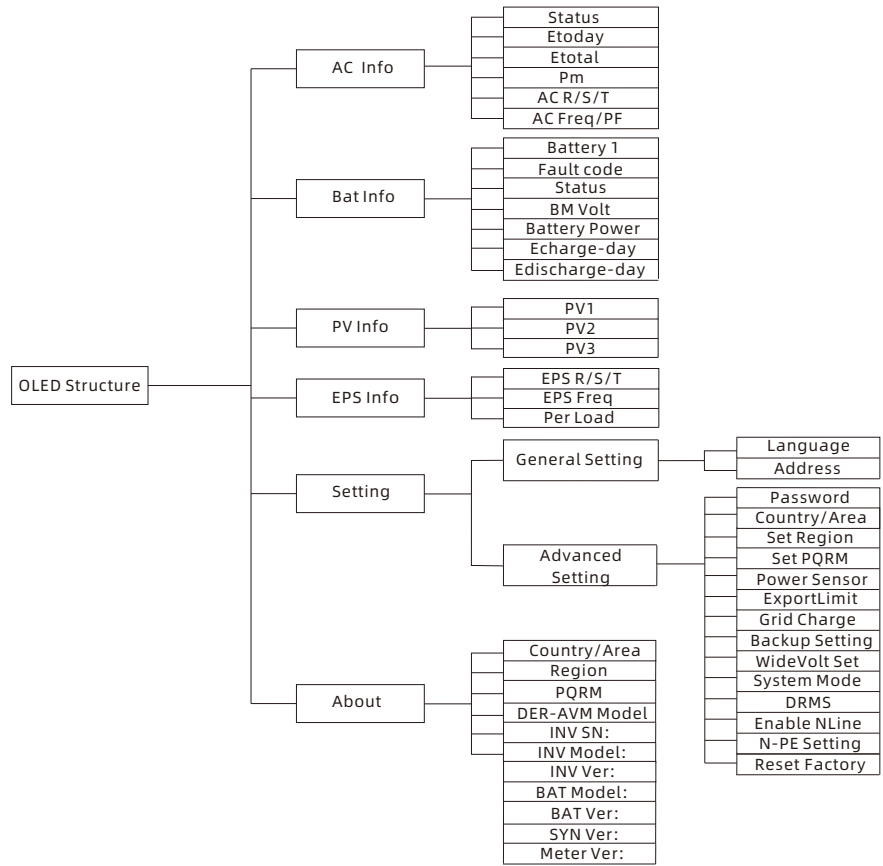
Table 2-4 LED indicator description

| Symbol | Description | Inverter status | LED color | LED status |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|
|  | Inverter status indicator | Standby | Green | 0.5s on and 2s off |
| | | Normal | Green | Solid |
| | | Fault | Red | Solid |
| | | Inverter warning/Battery fault | Green | 0.5s on, 0.5s off/0.5s on, 2s off |
| | | Programming | Yellow | 1s on and 1s off |

2.6.3 OLED display

The MOD TL3-HU inverter comes with an OLED screen to display critical information, as shown in the figure below:

Figure 2-7 OLED display



2.6.4 Export limitation

When the MOD TL3-HU inverter is connected to an energy meter and the communication between the inverter and the meter is established, the export limitation function can be activated. The detailed configuring steps are shown in Section 8.1 Export limitation.

Standard export limitation

- When the “Phase levels” is disabled and the export limitation value is set to a positive value, it indicates the power allowed to be exported to the grid as a percentage. For example, if the inverter's rated power is 10 kW, and the export limitation is set to 30%, the power allowed to be fed to the grid is $10 \text{ kW} * 30\% = 3 \text{ kW}$. If Phase L1 carries a 1 kW load, Phase L2 and Phase L3 do not carry a load, the output of the inverter would be: L1: 1.33 kW, L2: 1.33 kW, L3: 1.33 kW and the power fed to the grid would be: L1: 0.33 kW, L2: 1.33 kW, L3: 1.33 kW.
- When the export limitation value is set to a negative value, it indicates the power allowed to be drawn from the grid as a percentage. For example, if the inverter's rated power is 10 kW, and the export limitation is set to -30%, the power allowed to be drawn from the grid is $10 \text{ kW} * 30\% = 3 \text{ kW}$. If the load power is greater than 3 kW (e.g. load power is 4 kW), the power grid provides 3 kW, and other energy needed will be supplied by the inverter output. When the combined PV and Battery energy is insufficient (e.g. PV power + Battery power = 0.5 kW), the inverter will output at its maximum power while drawing energy from the grid to power the loads.

Phase level export limitation

- When the “Phase levels” is enabled and the export limitation value is set to a positive value, it indicates the power allowed to be exported to the grid as a percentage. For example, if the inverter's rated power is 10 kW, and the export limitation is set to 30%, the power allowed to be fed to the grid is $10 \text{ kW} * 30\% = 3 \text{ kW}$. If Phase L1 carries a 1kW load, Phase L2 and Phase L3 do not carry a load, the output of the inverter would be: L1: 2 kW, L2: 1 kW, L3: 1 kW and the power fed to the grid would be: L1: 1 kW, L2: 1 kW, L3: 1 kW.
- When the export limitation value is set to a negative value, it indicates the power allowed to be drawn from the grid as a percentage. For example, if the inverter's rated power is 10 kW, and the export limitation is set to -30%, the power allowed to be drawn from the grid is $10 \text{ kW} * 30\% = 3 \text{ kW}$. If the load power is greater than 3 kW (e.g. load power is 4 kW), the power grid provides 3 kW, and other energy needed will be supplied by the inverter output. When the combined PV and Battery energy is insufficient (e.g. PV power + Battery power = 0.5 kW), the inverter will output at its maximum power while drawing energy from the grid to power the loads.

2.6.5 Demand Response Modes (DRMS) & Radio Ripple Control Receiver (RRCR)

The MOD TL3-HU inverter is DRM compliant and can connect to a Radio Ripple Control Receiver (RRCR). A 30-pin connector is used as the input port for DRMS and RRCR. For the port definitions, you can refer to Section 5.7.1 COM port definition.

- In accordance with Australian standards, the MOD inverter has been designed to comply with Demand Response Modes (DRMS), with DRM 0 being a mandatory requirement. The DRMS is set to disabled by default. To enable it, please contact Growatt customer support. For details, please refer to Section 8.2 DRMS & Remote logic control.
- According to European standards, the MOD inverter can be connected to a RRCR, which is enabled by default. For details, please refer to Section 8.2 DRMS & Remote logic control.

2.6.6 Dry contact

The MOD TL3-HU inverter features the dry contact function. Once it is enabled, the COM port on the inverter will output a 12V signal when the inverter's output power reaches the preset activation power level. This signal can be used as an activation or deactivation signal for other devices. Conversely, when the inverter's output power reaches the specified deactivation power level, the voltage output from the inverter's COM port changes from 12V to 0V, providing another signal that can be used as an activation or deactivation signal for other devices. To configure this function, you can refer to section 8.3 Dry contact.

2.6.7 AFCI (Arc Fault Circuit Interrupter)

When the PV modules or the cables are in poor contact or damaged, an electrical arc may occur on the DC side, which might lead to a fire hazard. Growatt inverters are integrated with an arc-fault detection function in compliance with UL1699B-2018 standards. This feature is designed to ensure the safety of users' lives and property.

The AFCI function is disabled by default. You can enable this function on a couple of platforms, including the OSS, ShineServer, ShinePhone and ShineTools. For details, please see Section 8.5 AFCI. Alternatively, you can contact Growatt support for assistance.

2.6.8 GFCI (Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter)

The MOD TL3-HU inverter is integrated with a leakage protection function. When the leakage current exceeds 300mA and continues for more than 300ms, the inverter will disconnect from the grid while reporting "Fault 201" and displaying "Residual I High". This feature is designed to ensure the safety of users' lives and property. The GFCI function is enabled by default.

2.6.9 Monitoring

The MOD TL3-HU inverter has a reserved port for connecting to the datalogger. After installing and registering the Growatt datalogger, you can monitor the system's operation status and configure its functions on ShinePhone (APP), ShineServer (<https://server.growatt.com>), and the OSS (<https://oss.growatt.com>).

3 Inspection upon delivery

3.1 Checking the packing list

Before unpacking the inverter, check the outer packing materials for any externally visible damage. After unpacking the inverter, check the scope of delivery for completeness. If the scope of delivery is incomplete or damaged, contact your dealer.

Figure 3-1 Scope of delivery

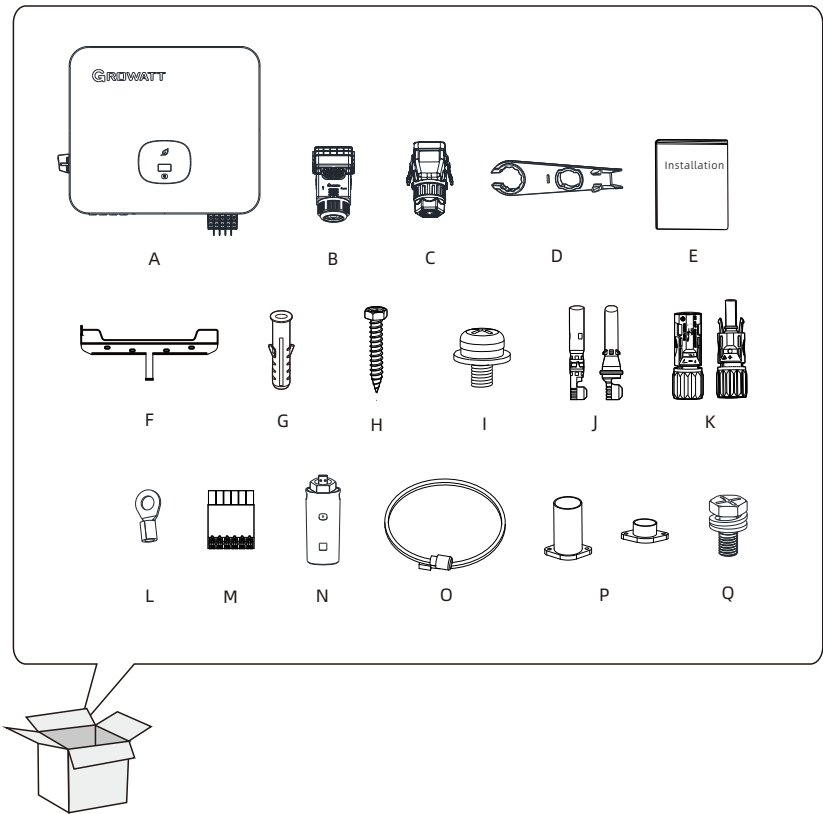


Table 3-1 Packing list of the MOD TL3-HU inverter

| No. | Description | Quantity |
|-----|---|------------------|
| A | Inverter | 1 |
| B | AC connector | 1 |
| C | COM port waterproof cover | 1 |
| D | PV terminal removal tool | 1 |
| E | Quick Installation Guide | 1 |
| F | Wall-mounting bracket | 1 |
| G | Plastic expansion tube | 4 |
| H | Expansion screw | 4 |
| I | AC port M4 screw | 10 |
| J | DC metal contact | 3/3 ^① |
| K | DC connector | 3/3 ^② |
| L | OT terminal | 11 |
| M | COM P5 terminal | 1 |
| N | ShineWiLan-X2(Configuration of Australian models) | 1 |
| O | Network cable | 1 |
| P | Dust cover | 4/5 ^③ |
| Q | Safety screw | 1 |

The DC metal terminal , DC connector and Dust cover are the positive and negative poles of the PV and battery respectively, and the battery N line.

- ①: The number of DC metal contact for 3K-9K inverters is 2.
The number of DC connectors for 10K-15K inverters is 3.
- ②: The number of DC connectors for 3K-9K inverters is 2.
The number of DC connectors for 10K-15K inverters is 3.
- ③: The number of Dust covers for MOD 3-9KTL3-HU inverters is 4.
The number of Dust covers for MOD 10-15KTL3-HU inverters is 5.

3.2 Moving the inverter


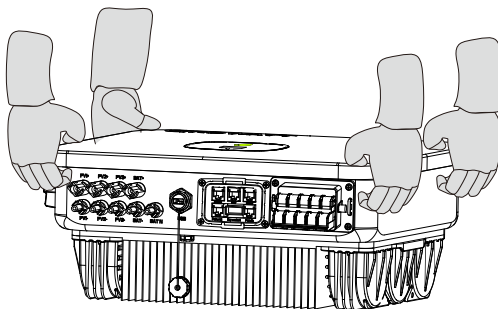
| | |
|---|---|
|  <p>WARNING</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• When moving the MOD inverter, do not place your hands on the terminals, which are not designed to support the weight of the inverter.• The weight of the MOD inverter is 19~20kg and requires two people to carry it together.• When placing the inverter on the ground, it is essential to put foam or cardboard underneath it to prevent damage to the heat sink. |
|---|---|

Figure 3-2 Lifting the inverter



3.3 Appearance


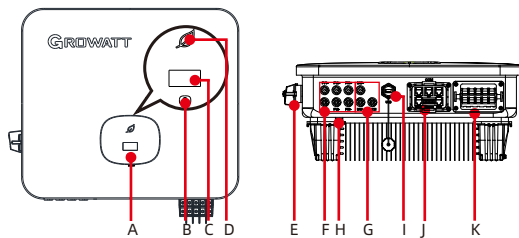
| | |
|---|--|
|  <p>NOTICE</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The MOD 3-9KTL3-HU has two PV inputs.• The MOD 10-15KTL3-HU has three PV inputs.• The upper row of terminals on the AC port is connected to the grid and the lower row of terminals is connected to the back-up loads. |
|---|--|

Figure 3-3 Appearance

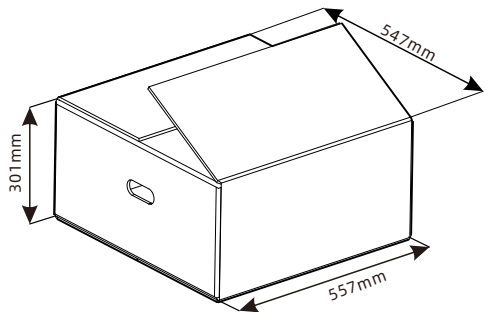


- | | | | |
|-----------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| (A) Front Panel | (B) Touch Button | (C) OLED Screen | (D) LED Indicator |
| (E) DC Switch | (F) PV Terminal | (G) Battery Terminal | (H) VENT Valve |
| (I) USB Port | (J) COM Port | (K) AC Terminal | |

3.4 Dimensions and weight

3.4.1 Dimensions of the package

Figure 3-4 Dimensions of the packing carton



3.4.2 Dimensions and weight of the MOD inverter

Figure 3-5 Dimensions of the inverter

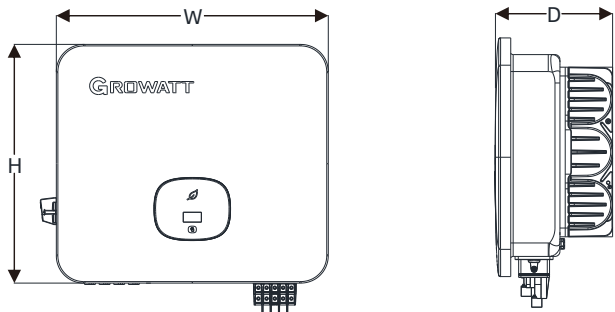


Table 3-2 Dimensions and weight

| Model | Height (H) | Width (W) | Depth (D) | Weight |
|------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|--------|
| MOD 3-9KTL3-HU | 408 mm | 468 mm | 202 mm | 19 kg |
| MOD 10-15KTL3-HU | 408 mm | 468 mm | 202 mm | 20 kg |

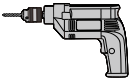









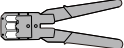
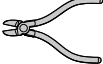
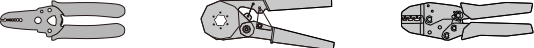





3.5 Storing the inverter

- Do not remove the exterior package of the inverter.
- Keep the storing temperature between -25°C and 60°C, and the relative humidity between 5% RH and 95% RH.

4 Installation

4.1 Required tools

Table 4-1 Installation tools

| Tools | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|
|  Hammer drill |  Drilling bit (Φ=8 mm) |  Hammer |  Level |  Cross-head screwdriver |
|  Vacuum |  Marker |  Measuring tape |  Heat gun |  Multimeter |
|  Wire stripper |  Slanted mouth plier |  Crimping plier | | |
|  Safety gloves |  Goggles |  Mask |  Safety shoes |  Helmet |

4.2 Installation requirements

4.2.1 Environment requirements

- The inverter is protected to IP66, supporting both indoor and outdoor installation.
- Do not install the inverter in areas where flammable or explosive materials are stored.
- When determining the installation location, avoid water pipes and wires buried in the wall to prevent accidents during drilling.
- The inverter generates high temperature on the enclosure during operation, so please install it in a location that is inaccessible to children. Non-children's play areas or areas where children often play.
- If the inverter is installed in an area with dense vegetation, in addition to regular weeding, the ground beneath the inverter (recommended area: 3m × 2.5m) should be hardened, such as by laying concrete or gravel.
- The inverter should be installed in a dry and well-ventilated environment to ensure proper heat dissipation.
- Do not expose the inverter to direct sunlight, rain, snow, etc. It is recommended to install an awning over the inverter.

Figure 4-1 Environment requirements

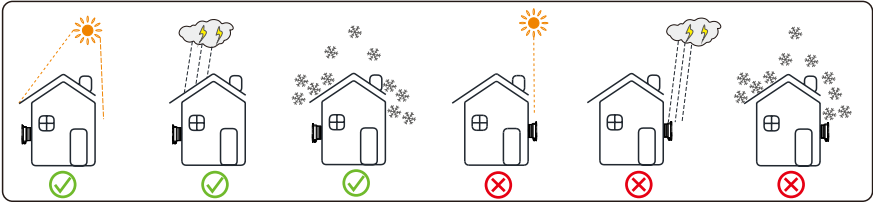
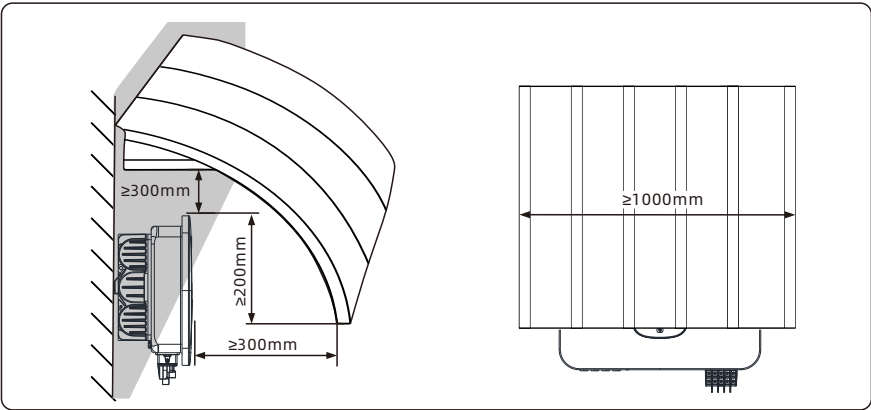


Figure 4-2 Installing an awning and clearance requirements



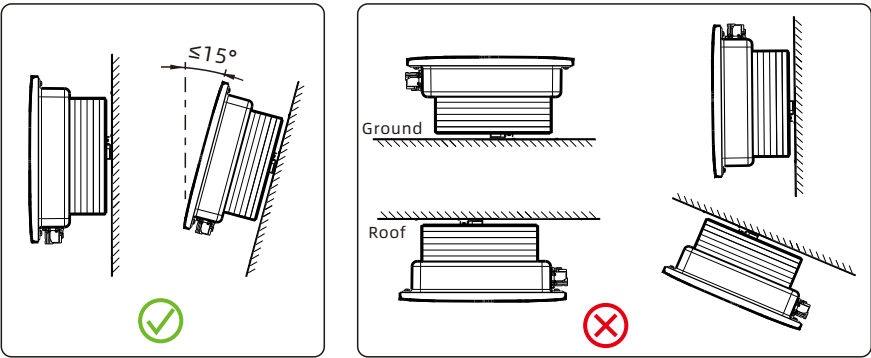
4.2.2 Carrier requirements

- Ensure that the installation surface meets the load-bearing requirement for supporting the weight of the inverter.
- The carrier where the inverter is installed must be fire-proof and high-temperature resistant.
- In residential areas, avoid mounting the inverter on gypsum boards or walls made of similar materials that has poor sound insulation performance to prevent the noise generated during its operation from disturbing residents in the living area.

- A maximum of 4 inverters can be stacked with package. Please use extreme caution when stacking the inverter to prevent device damage and personal injury resulting from a falling inverter.
- In case that the inverter has been stored for over two years, it must be inspected and tested by professional personnel before being put into operation.

4.2.2.1 Angle requirements

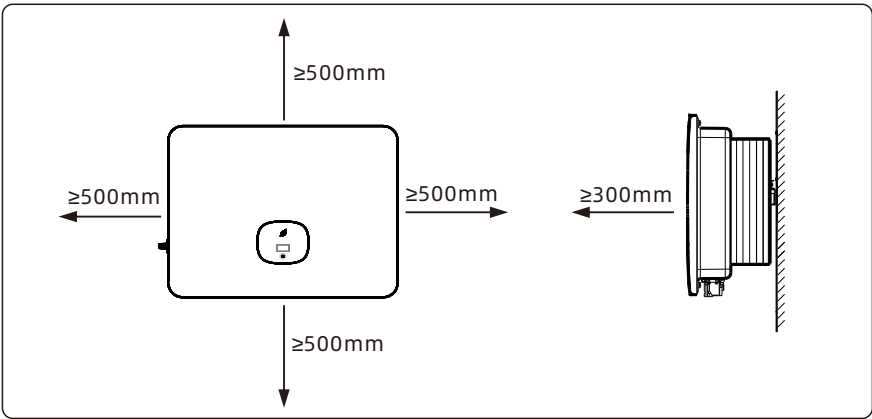
Figure 4-3 Angle requirements



4.2.2.2 Space requirements

- To ensure optimal operation of the inverter and facilitate ease of operation, please reserve enough space around the inverter.
- The temperature at the ventilation air outlet is relatively high. Therefore, the clearance requirements must be strictly adhered to in order to prevent it from affecting the performance of other devices. Please refer to the figure below:

Figure 4-4 Space requirements



When multiple inverters are installed, please refer to the following figures to maintain proper clearances:

Figure 4-5 Horizontal installation

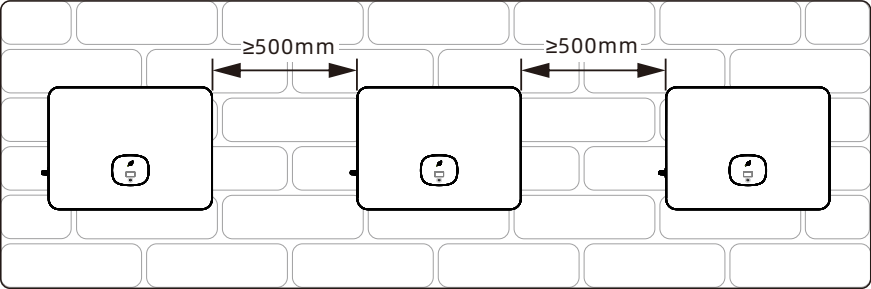
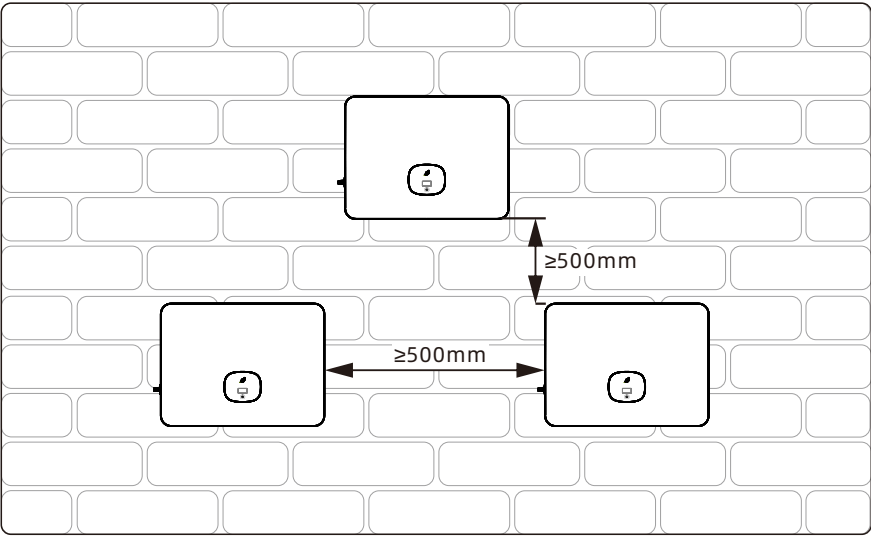




Figure 4-6 Two-row staggered installation



4.3 Wall-mounted installation

4.3.1 Installing the mounting bracket

| | |
|---|--|
|  DANGER | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Operation personnel should wear goggles and dust masks when drilling holes to prevent dust inhalation or contact with eyes. |
|  WARNING | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• After drilling holes, remove all the dust and debris inside and around the holes using a vacuum. Then, measure the hole spacing. For holes with inaccurate Positions, drill holes again.• Ensure that the mounting bracket is level with the cement wall. Otherwise, the inverter cannot be mounted on the wall securely. |

Step 1. Determining the hole position

Place the level at the predetermined installation position, then place the bracket above the level and mark the hole positions using the marker.

Step 2. Drilling holes

Drill holes on the marked positions with a $\Phi 8$ mm drill bit to a depth of 55 mm.

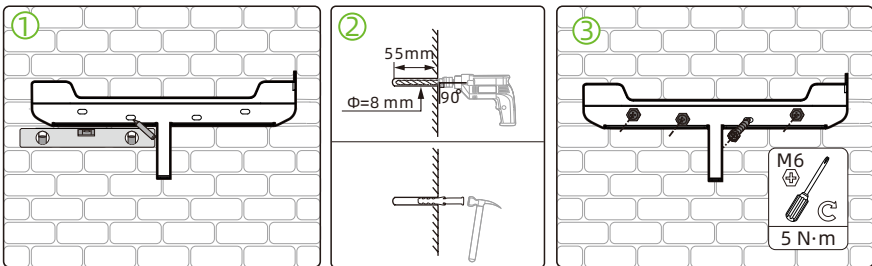
Step 3: Securing the mounting bracket

Knock the plastic expansion tube, which can be found in the accessory bag, into the hole with a hammer. Then secure the bracket into the plastic expansion tube by tightening the screw.

Step 4. Verifying that the bracket is securely installed

Shake the bracket with your hands to check if the bracket is securely installed.

Figure 4-7 Wall-mounted installation

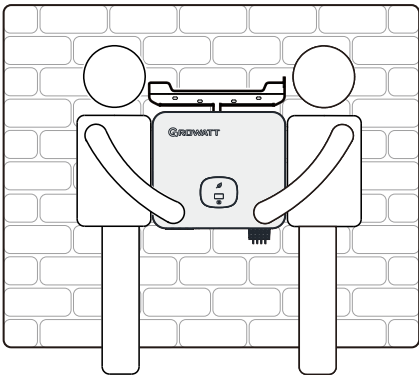


4.3.2 Installing the inverter

| | |
|--|---|
| | <p>Information</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Prior to installing the inverter, ensure that the mounting bracket is securely installed.• Electrical connections can only be performed after the securing screws are tightened. |
|--|---|

Step 1. Hang the inverter onto the bracket, carefully adjusting its position to ensure it is balanced on the wall bracket.

Figure 4-8 Moving the inverter by two person



Step 2. Secure the inverter to the bracket using M5 screws.

Figure 4-9 Securing the screw onto the inverter

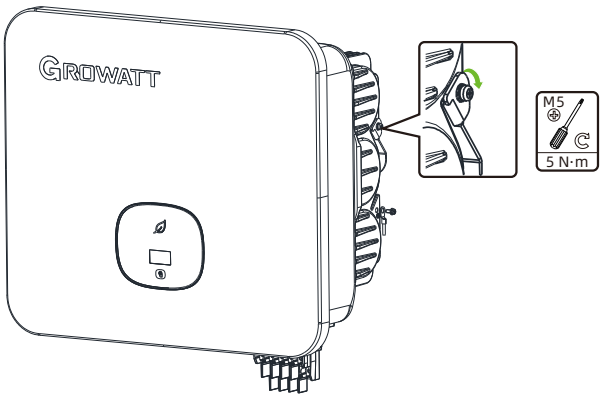


Table 5-1 Cable specifications

| No. | Cable | Type | Recommended specifications | Source |
|-----|-----------------|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| 1 | DC input cable | Outdoor PV cable | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 5mm²~7mm² | Prepared by users |
| 2 | AC output cable | Outdoor copper core cable | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Not connected to batteries• MOD 3-10KTL3-HU: 4mm²~6mm²• MOD 11-15KTL3-HU: 6mm²~8mm²• Connected to batteries• MOD 3-10KTL3-HU: 6mm²~8mm²• MOD 11-15KTL3-HU: 10mm²~12mm² | Prepared by users |
| 3 | Signal cable | Outdoor shielded twisted pair cable | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 0.2mm²~1mm² | Prepared by users |
| 4 | Grounding cable | Outdoor copper core cable | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• ≥5.5mm² | Prepared by users |

5.3 Preparing the AC (GRID & LOAD) breaker

- An external AC circuit breaker should be installed on the AC side of the inverter to ensure a safe disconnection of the inverter from the grid and loads (The load port is for connecting back-up loads).
- The AC breaker is not required to offer residual current protection as the inverter is equipped with a sensitive residual current detection device (RCD). If local regulations require the use of an AC breaker that incorporates residual current protection, it is advised to install a type A or a type B RCD between the inverter and the grid. The rated residual current must be greater than or equal to 300 mA.




| | |
|---|---|
|  DANGER | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• If an AC breaker with a rating greater than the recommended specification or the value outlined in local regulations is used, the inverter might fail to disconnect from the grid or backup load when an exception occurs, which might lead to severe damage. Growatt shall not be liable for the consequences. |
|  WARNING | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Each inverter must be equipped with an AC output breaker, and multiple inverters cannot share the same AC breaker. |
|  NOTICE | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Users are responsible for preparing the terminals for connecting the AC breaker. |

Table 5-2 AC (Grid & Load) breaker specifications

| Inverter Model | Recommended AC breaker specification |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| MOD 3000TL3-HU | 16A/230V |
| MOD 4000TL3-HU | 25A/230V |
| MOD 5000TL3-HU | 25A/230V |
| MOD 6000TL3-HU | 25A/230V |
| MOD 7000TL3-HU | 32A/230V |
| MOD 8000TL3-HU | 32A/230V |
| MOD 9000TL3-HU | 40A/230V |
| MOD 10KTL3-HU | 40A/230V |
| MOD 11KTL3-HU | 50A/230V |
| MOD 12KTL3-HU | 50A/230V |

| Inverter Model | Recommended AC breaker specification |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| MOD 13KTL3-HU | 50A/230V |
| MOD 15KTL3-HU | 63A/230V |

5.4 Connecting the grounding cable




| | |
|---|--|
|  DANGER | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Please ensure that the grounding cable is securely connected; failure to do so may lead to an electric shock. • It is strictly prohibited to utilize the N-line as a grounding cable and connect it to the inverter's enclosure, as this can cause an electric shock. |
|  WARNING | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The PE point at the AC output terminal serves only as an equipotential connection point and should not substitute for the protective grounding point on the enclosure. • It is recommended to apply silicone gel or paint around the grounding terminal as a protective coating after installation to prevent corrosion. • Lightning protection for the PV system should comply with international standards or IEC standards. Failure to do so may result in damage to PV components, accessories, inverters, and distribution facilities. In such cases, the company shall not be liable for the consequences. |
|  NOTICE | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Be careful not to damage the wire core while stripping wires. • The cavity formed after crimping the conductor in OT terminals should fully encapsulate the wire core, ensuring a tight and secure connection. • You can use heat shrink tubing or insulating tape to cover the crimped area. The use of heat shrink tubing is described as an example. • When using a heat gun, please take precautions to avoid equipment burns. |

Figure 5-1 Preparing the cable

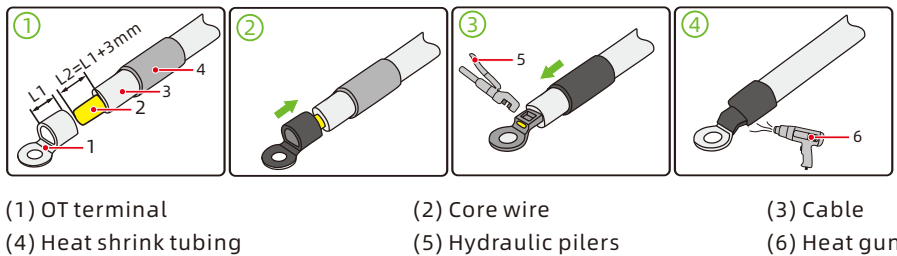
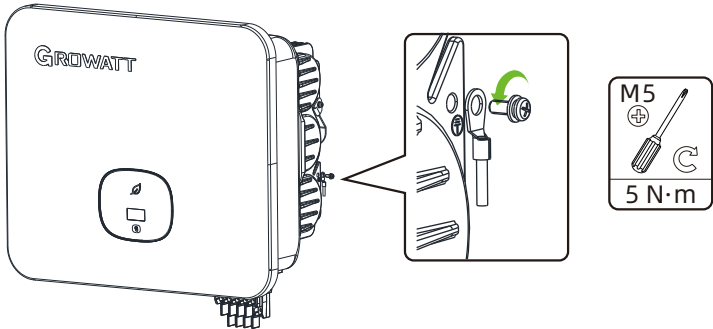





Figure 5-2 Screw for grounding the enclosure

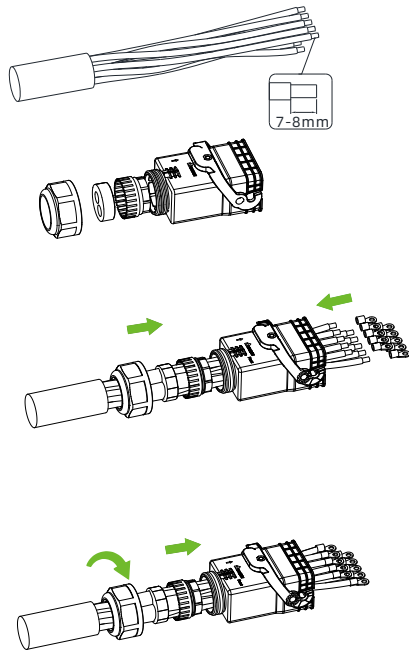


5.5 Connecting the AC (GRID & LOAD) output cable

| | |
|--|--|
|  DANGER | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• An external AC circuit breaker is required on the AC side to ensure that the inverter can be safely disconnected from the grid and backup- load (Load port is used to connect to backup- load).• If an AC breaker with a rating greater than the recommended specification or the value outlined in local regulations is used, the inverter might fail to disconnect from the grid when an exception occurs, which might lead to severe damage. Growatt shall not be liable for the consequences. |
|  WARNING | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Each inverter must be equipped with an AC output breaker, and multiple inverters cannot share the same AC breaker. |
|  Notice | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Be careful not to damage the wire core while stripping wires.• The cavity formed after crimping the conductor in OT terminals should fully encapsulate the wire core, ensuring a tight and secure connection.• You can use heat shrink tubing or insulating tape to cover the crimped area. The use of heat shrink tubing is described as an example.• When using a heat gun, please take precautions to avoid equipment burns. |

Step 1. The wires are divided into GRID and LOAD. Strip the five wires (PE,N,L1,L2,L3) to a length of 7~8 mm. For a smooth installation, connect the LOAD port (lower level) first, followed by the GRID port (upper level). Route the wires through the cable gland, seal and housing of the AC connector, then connect them to the corresponding terminals. Secure the cable with screws. Each hole on the sealing ring needs to pass through five wires.

Figure 5-3 Assembling the AC connector



Step 2. Connect the AC connector to the AC output terminal on the inverter. Ensure that the five wires are correctly assigned to the terminals according to the label on the AC output terminal.

Figure 5-4 Connect the AC connector to the AC output terminal

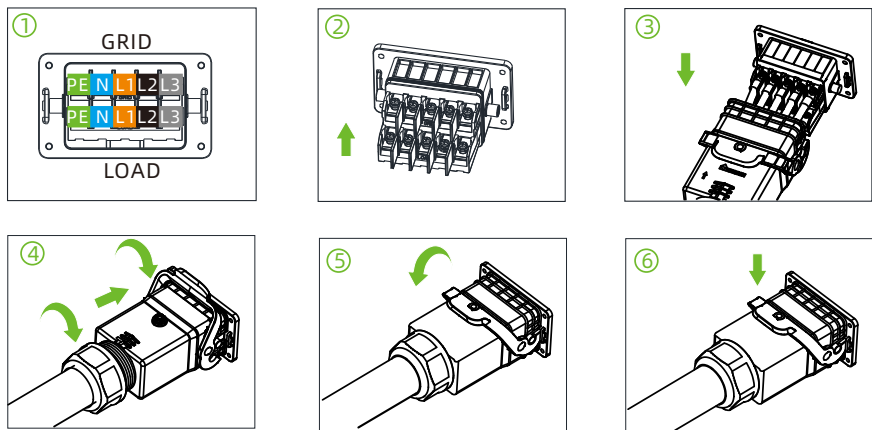
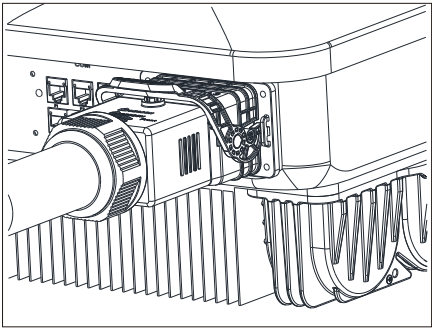






Figure 5-5 Finish the AC connection



5.6 Connecting the DC input cable

| | |
|---|---|
|  DANGER | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Before connecting the DC input cables, verify that the DC voltage is within the permissible range (< 36V DC) and ensure that the DC SWITCH on the inverter is set to the OFF position. Otherwise, high voltages may lead to electric shocks.• Do not perform maintenance operations on the DC input cables when the inverter is in operation, such as connecting or removing a PV string or its component. Failure to do so may cause electric shocks.• If the DC input terminals of the inverter are not connected to the PV strings, do not remove the waterproof cover from the DC input terminals, as this could compromise the equipment's protection rating. |
|  WARNING | <p>Please ensure that the following conditions are met, as failure to do so may damage the inverter or pose a fire hazard. In such cases, the company shall not be liable for any consequences:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The maximum open-circuit voltage of each PV string must not exceed 1100Vdc under any conditions.• When the voltage of each PV string exceeds 1000V, the inverter will stop power output.• PV modules in each string should be of the same specification and type.• The maximum short-circuit current for each MPPT must not exceed 25A under any circumstances.• In cases where the inverter has no isolated transformer for its output, the negative pole of the PV panel is energized and grounding PV- is prohibited.• Pay attention to the correct polarity when connecting the DC cables. Connect the positive and negative terminals of the PV string to the positive and negative PV terminals on the inverter correspondingly. |

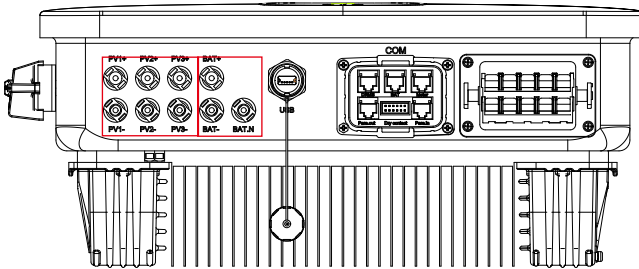
| | |
|---|--|
|  <p>WARNING</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In case that the DC cables are reversely connected, do not operate the DC switch and the positive and negative connectors immediately. Wait until the solar irradiance declines in the evening and the PV string current drops below 0.5A. Then turn the DC SWITCH to the OFF position and remove the positive and negative connectors to correct the polarity of the DC input cables. |
|  <p>NOTICE</p> | <p>Device damage resulting from the following circumstances during the installation of PV strings and the inverter is beyond the scope of warranty:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improper installation of distribution cables or incorrect wiring that leads to a short circuit between the positive or negative terminal of the PV string and ground, which may cause an AC/DC short circuit during inverter operation. • Moisture or dust penetration due to inappropriate sealing on the PV side. |

Description


The MOD 3-9KTL3-HU inverter has two PV inputs.

The MOD 10-15KTL3-HU inverter has three PV inputs.

Figure 5-6 PV inputs



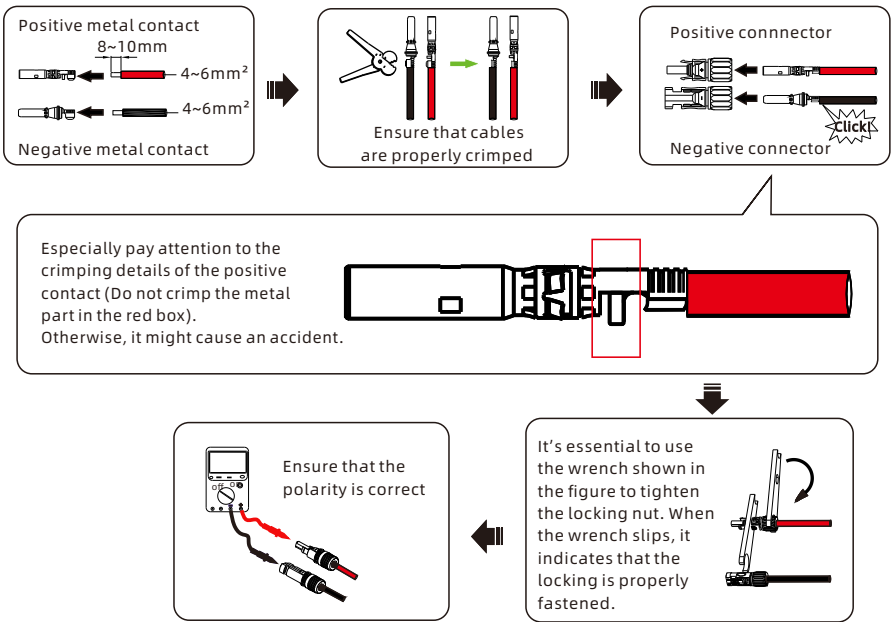
5.6.1 Connecting the PV terminal




WARNING

- Please use the positive and negative metal contacts and the DC connectors delivered with the inverter package. Using other incompatible models may result in severe consequences, which will void the warranty.
- Crimp the PV metal contact with a dedicated crimper. Using an inappropriate crimping tool may lead to severe consequences, and any device damage caused by this is not covered by the warranty.
- Cables with high rigidity are not recommended for the DC input as bending of cables may lead to poor contact of terminals.
- When assembling the DC connectors, pay attention to the correct polarity and label the positive and negative cables.
- After snapping the positive and negative connectors into place, pull the cables slightly to ensure that they are securely in place.
- When wiring the DC input cables at the installation site, leave at least 50 mm of them slack. The axial tension on the PV connector should not exceed 80N and do not apply radial stress or torque on the PV connectors.

Figure 5-7 Preparing the PV input cables



5.7 Connecting the communication cable



WARNING

- When arranging the signal cables, separate them from power cables and keep them away from strong interference sources to avoid communication interruption.
- If a signal cable is not required to be connected, please do not remove the COM terminal dustproof cover preinstalled on the inverter.

5.7.1 COM port definition

Figure 5-8 COM port

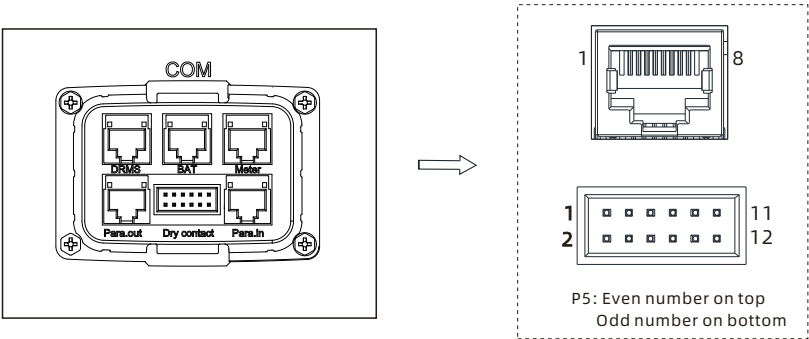


Table 5-3 Pin definition of the COM port

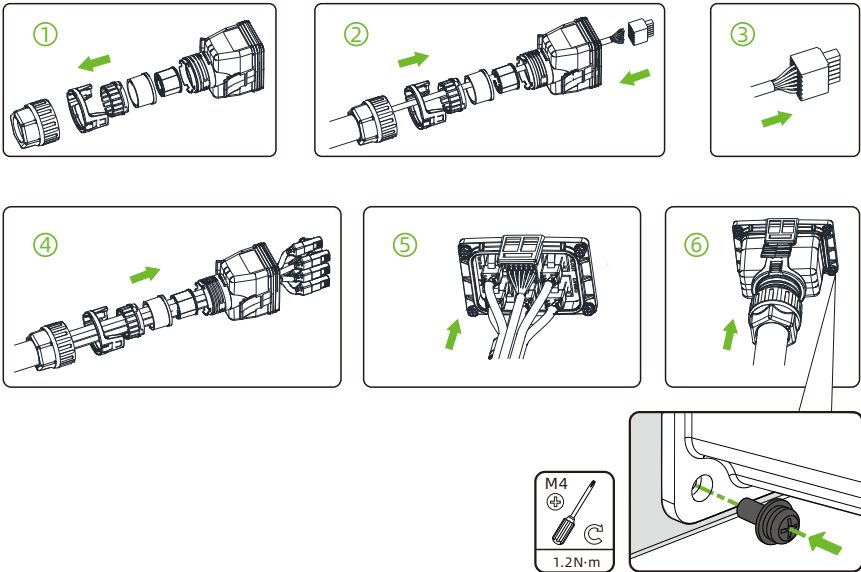
| Port | PIN | Definition | Function | Port | PIN | Definition | Function |
|------|-----|------------|-----------------------|------|-----|------------|--------------------------------|
| DRMS | 1 | DRM1/5 | Relay contact 1 input | BAT | 1 | BAT.EN- | Battery detection signal port |
| | 2 | DRM2/6 | Relay contact 2 input | | 2 | BAT.EN+ | |
| | 3 | DRM3/7 | Relay contact 3 input | | 3 | CAN.L.M3 | Battery CAN communication port |
| | 4 | DRM4/8 | Relay contact 4 input | | 4 | CAN.L.DSP | |
| | 5 | REF | GND | | 5 | CAN.H.DSP | |
| | 6 | COM | / | | 6 | CAN.H.M3 | |

| Port | PIN | Definition | Function | Port | PIN | Definition | Function |
|-------------|-----|------------|---|----------|-----|------------|----------------------------------|
| DRMS | 7 | / | / | BAT | 7 | 485B | Battery RS485 communication port |
| | 8 | / | / | | 8 | 485A | |
| Meter | 1 | 485B | Meter communication port | Para.out | 1 | 485B | Parallel_OUT communication port |
| | 5 | 485A | | | 5 | 485A | |
| Dry contact | 11 | 12V.S | Dry contact: the power supply should not be greater than 2W | Para.in | 1 | 485B | Parallel_IN communication port |
| | 12 | GND | | | 5 | 485A | |

5.7.2 Connecting the COM connector




Strip the cable 10mm to expose the metal part, pass it through the waterproof cover and threaded sleeve, and insert it into each port of P5. Then pass the 5 network cables through the waterproof cover and threaded sleeve, and insert them into P1/P2/P3/P4/P6 in sequence. Finally, tighten the four screws of the waterproof cover.

Figure 5-9 Connecting the COM



5.8 Connecting the battery (optional)

The MOD inverter features one battery input channel with the BAT+/BAT-/BATN terminals.

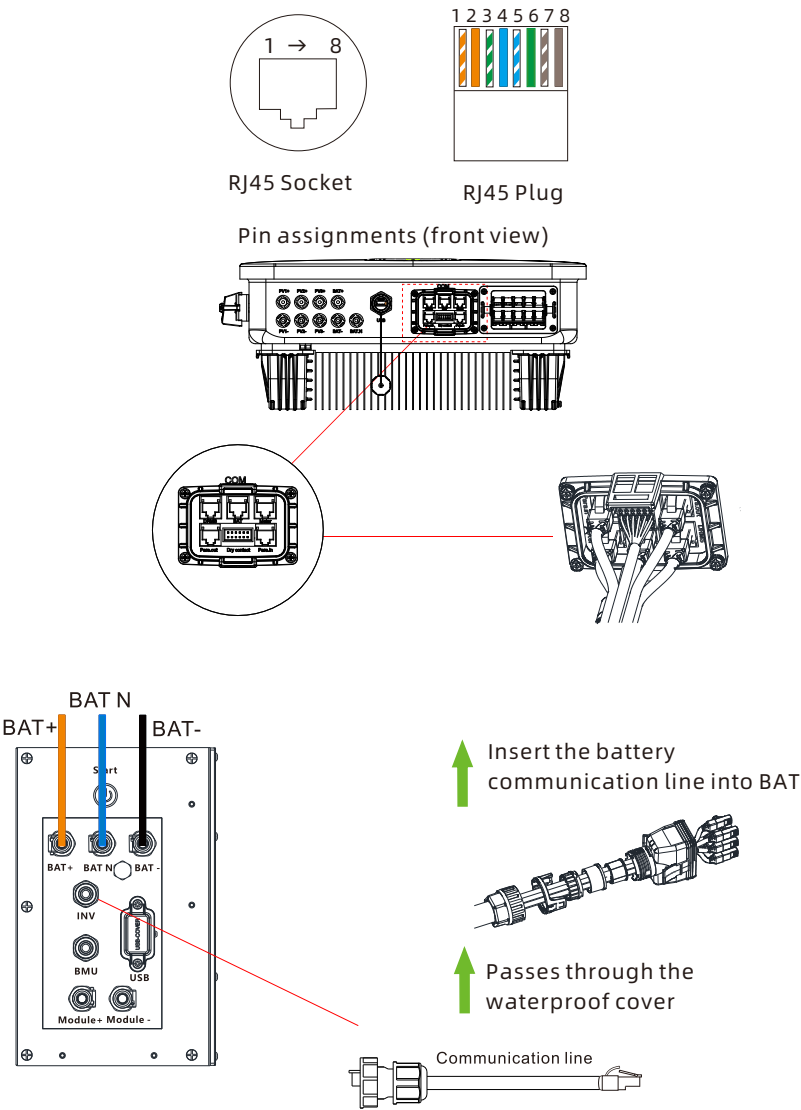
| | |
|---|---|
|  DANGER | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Before connecting the battery, ensure that the DC SWITCH on the battery is set to the OFF position.• When the system is in operation, do not connect or disconnect the power cables between the battery and the inverter.• Ensure that the battery is properly connected to the inverter. Device damage caused by incorrect wiring is not cover under the warranty. |
|  WARNING | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Personnel who have not received training are not permitted to perform electrical connections. |
|  NOTICE | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Cables are differentiated with different colors, please follow the color convention when wiring cables. |

5.8.1 Connecting a single battery cluster


For details, please refer to the user manual of the battery or scan the QR code below.



Figure 5-10 Connecting a single battery cluster




5.9 Connecting the meter (optional)

| | |
|--|---|
|  NOTICE | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The MOD inverter supports export limitation, setting different operating modes, and monitoring self-consumption. To enable these functions, an external smart meter is required. Please purchase the meter from Growatt .• After connecting the meter, you need to enable the meter communication on the inverter. For details, please see Section 6.5 Enabling the meter. |
|--|---|

Recommended meter models:

Table 5-4 Meter specification

| No. | Brand | Recommended model | Applicable system | Source |
|-----|---------|-------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| 1 | Eastron | • SDM630-Modbus V3 | System with a single inverter | Purchase from Growatt |
| 2 | Eastron | • SDM630MCT 40mA | System with a single inverter / multiple inverters connected in parallel | Purchase from Growatt |
| 3 | CHINT | • DTSU666/3*220/5(80)A | System with a single inverter | Purchase from Growatt |
| 4 | CHINT | • DTSU666/3*220/1.5(6)A | System with a single inverter / multiple inverters connected in parallel | Purchase from Growatt |
| 5 | CHINT | • DTSU666/3*220/6CT | Recommended for use in AC Coupled systems | Purchase from Growatt |
| 6 | Growatt | • TPM-CT-G 100A | System with a single inverter / multiple inverters connected in parallel | Purchase from Growatt |

| | |
|---|---|
|  WARNING | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The phase sequence of the inverter must correspond with that of the meter; otherwise, it will not support export limitation and operating the inverter in different modes.• A smart meter is required for the energy storage system; otherwise, certain functions will be unavailable. |
|---|---|

5.9.1 Connecting Growatt smart meter

Table 5-5 Growatt smart meter specific parameters

| Model | | TPM-CT-G |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| Dimensions | | 90*45*65mm (excluding the buckle) |
| IP rating | | IP20 (indoor) |
| Supported measuring modes | | Three-phase three-wire (3P3W), three-phase four-wire (3P4W) |
| Supported monitoring parameters | | Voltage/current/active power/reactive power/power factor/frequency |
| 3P4W (TPM-CT-G) | Rated voltage | 230Vac/400Vac |
| | Phase voltage range | 100Vac - 416Vac |
| 3P3W (TPM-CT-G) | Rated voltage | 230Vac/400Vac |
| | Phase voltage range | 100Vac - 240Vac |
| | Line voltage range | 173Vac - 416Vac |
| Measuring frequency | | 45-65Hz |
| CT | | 250A/40mA , 100A/40mA |
| Average power consumption | | 1W |
| Operating temperature | | -30~65℃ |
| Operating humidity | | <85%RH |
| Communication address | | 1 |
| Communication distance | | 200m |
| Communication protocol | | MODBUS-RTU |
| Communication port | | PIN A, RS485A/PIN B, RS485B |



Information

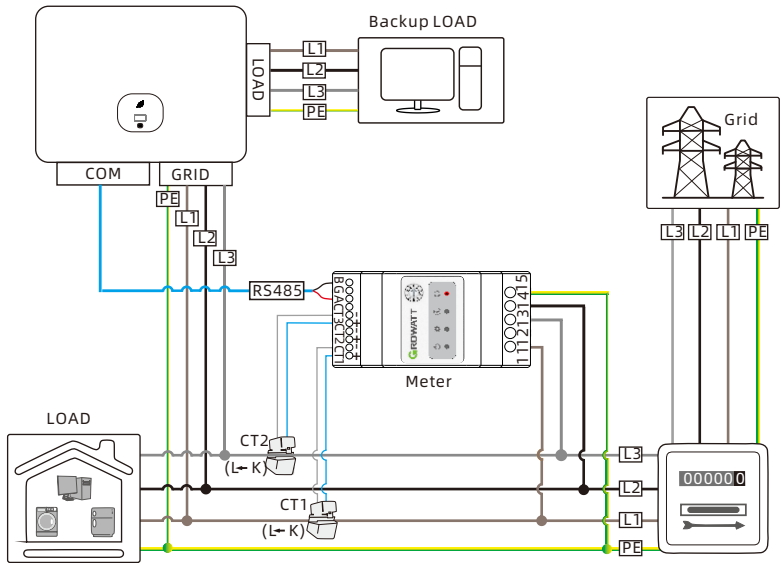
- K→L is printed on the CT. K refers to the grid side and L refers to the load side.

Note:

The following wiring diagram is for reference only. The actual wiring should be in accordance with the instructions provided by the electric meter being used.

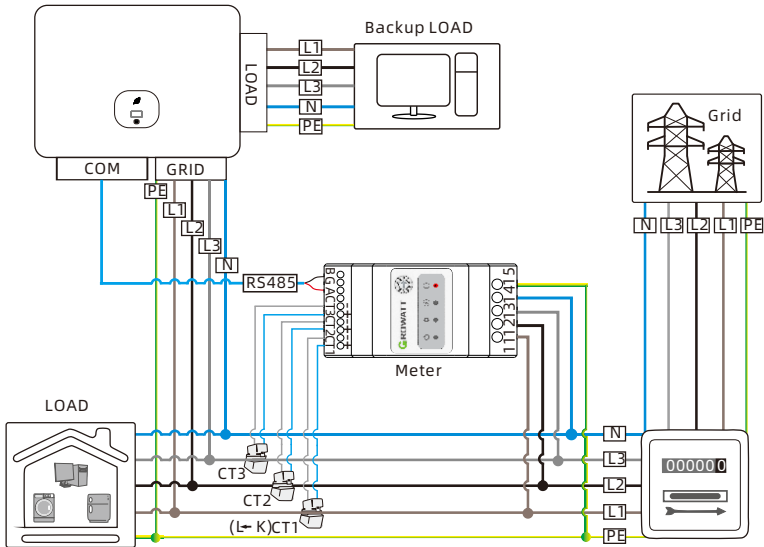
5.9.1.1 3P3W wiring

Figure 5-11 3P3W System (with a Growatt smart meter)



5.9.1.2 3P4W wiring

Figure 5-12 3P4W System (with a Growatt smart meter)



5.9.2 Connecting Eastron smart meter

Table 5-6 Eastron smart meter specific parameters

| Manufacturer | Eastron |
|--|----------------------------------|
| Type | SDM630CT-Modbus V3 |
| General Specifications | |
| Voltage AC (Un) | 3*230V |
| Voltage Range | 184~299V AC |
| Basic Current | 10A |
| Power consumption | ≤2W |
| Frequency | 50/ 60Hz(±10%) |
| AC voltage withstand | 4kV for 1 minute |
| Impulse voltage withstand | 6kV-1.2uS waveform |
| Over current withstand | 20I _{max} for 0.5s |
| Pulse output 1 | 1000imp/kWh (default) |
| Pulse output 2 | 400imp/kWh |
| Display Max. Reading | LCD with white backlit 999999kWh |
| Environment | |
| Operating temperature | -25~55℃ |
| Storage and transportation temperature | -40~70℃ |
| Reference temperature | 23±2℃ |
| Relative humidity | 0 to 95%, non-condensing |
| Altitude | up to 2000m |
| Warm up time | 3s |
| Installation category | CAT II |
| Mechanical Environment | M1 |
| Electromagnetic environment | E2 |
| Degree of pollution | 2 |
| Mechanics | |
| Din rail dimensions | 72x66x100 mm (WxHxD) DIN 43880 |

| Mechanics | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| Mounting | DIN rail 35mm |
| Ingress protection | IP51 (indoor) |
| Material | Self-extinguishing UL94V-0 |
| Communication port | PIN A, RS485A/PIN B, RS485B |



Information

- Pin 1/2/3/4 of the meter are connected to the grid and Pin 5/6/7/8 to the inverter.
- The communication address of Eastron meter is 2.

5.9.2.1 3P3W wiring

Figure 5-13 3P3W System (with an Eastron smart meter)

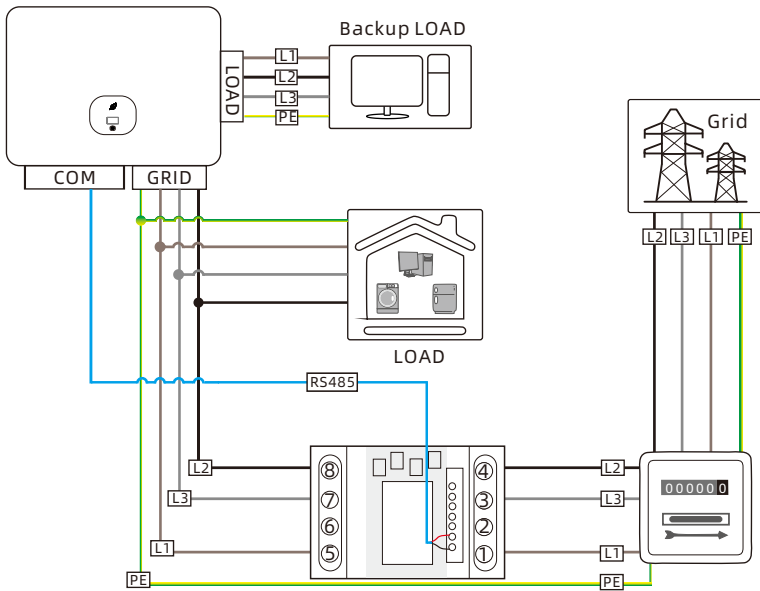
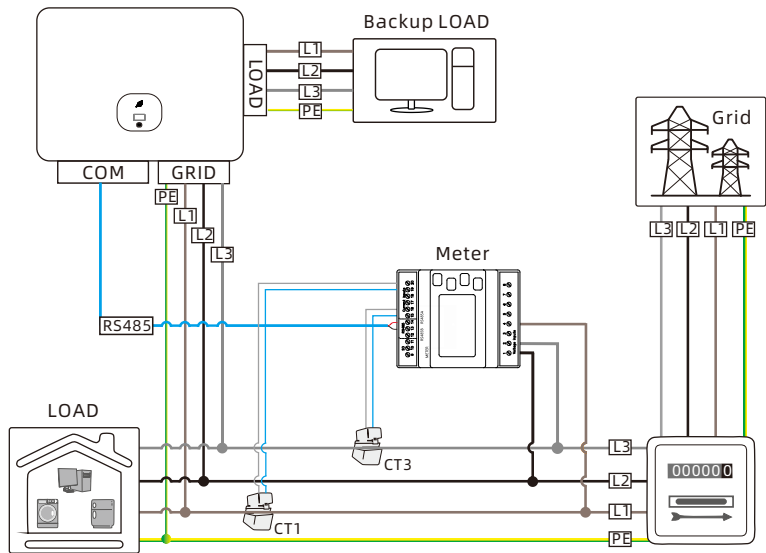


Figure 5-14 3P3W System (with an Eastron 3CT smart meter)



5.9.2.2 3P4W wiring

Figure 5-15 3P4W System (with an Eastron smart meter)

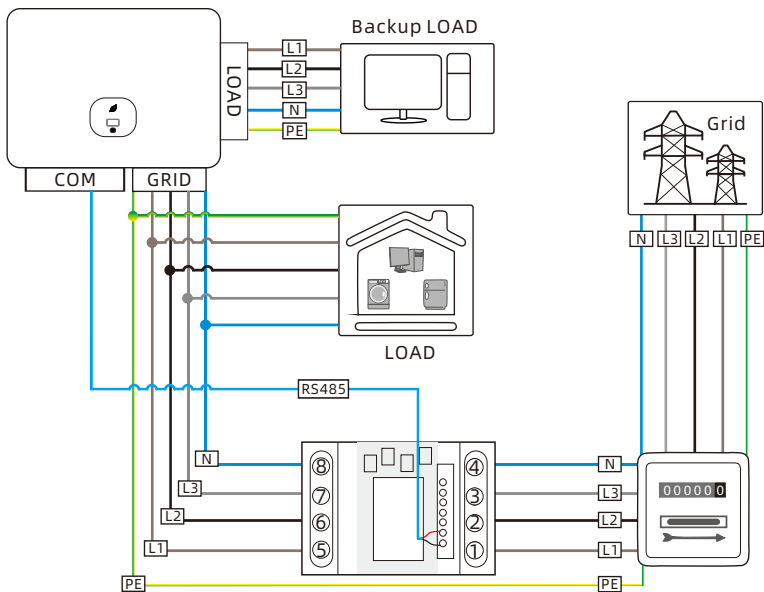
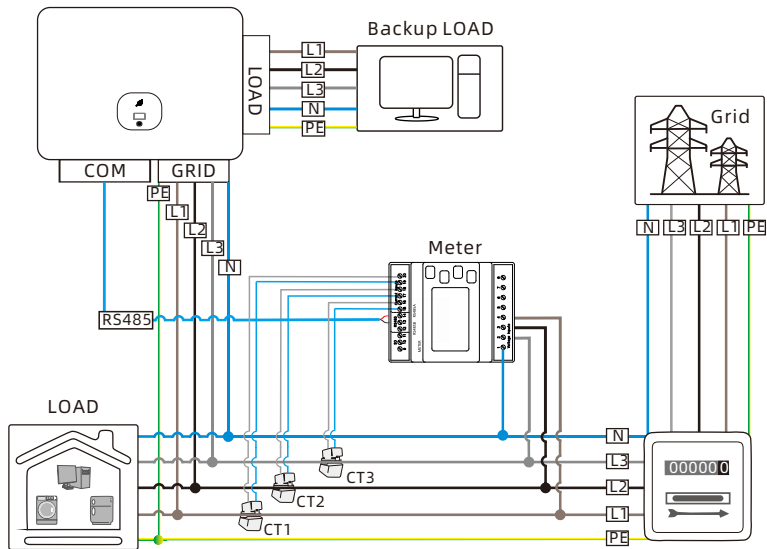


Figure 5-16 3P4W System (with an Eastron 3CT smart meter)



5.9.3 Connecting CHINT smart meter

Table 5-7 CHINT smart meter specific parameters

| General specifications | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Rate voltage | 3×230/400Vac |
| Reference frequency | 50Hz/60Hz |
| Specified operating voltage range | 0.9Un~1.1Un |
| Extended operating voltage range | 0.8Un~1.15Un |
| Voltage line power consumption | <1.5W/6VA |
| Input current | 0.25-5(80)A |
| Starting current | 0.004Ib |
| AC voltage withstand | 2kV /5mA for 1 minute |
| Impulse voltage withstand | 4kV-1.2/50uS waveform |
| Max. Reading | 9999999kWh |

| Accuracy | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Active power | 1% of range maximum |
| Reactive power | 2% of range maximum |
| Environment | |
| Rated temperature | -10~45°C |
| Limit temperature | -25~70°C |
| Relative humidity (average annual) | <75% |
| Atmosphere | 63.0~106.0kPa |
| Installation category | CAT III |
| Degree of pollution | Conform to RoHS |
| Communication | |
| Communication | RS485 output for Modbus RTU |
| Baud rate | 9600 |
| Pulse | 400imp/kWh |
| Communication port | PIN 24, RS485A/PIN 25, RS485B |
| Mechanics | |
| Din rail dimensions | 100×72×65mm (L×W×H) |
| Mounting | DIN rail 35mm |
| Sealing | IP61 (indoor) |



Information

- Pin 1/4/7/10 of the meter are connected to the grid and Pin 3/6/9/10 to the inverter.
- The communication address of CHINT meter is 4.

5.9.3.1 3P3W wiring

Figure 5-17 3P3W system (with a CHNT meter)

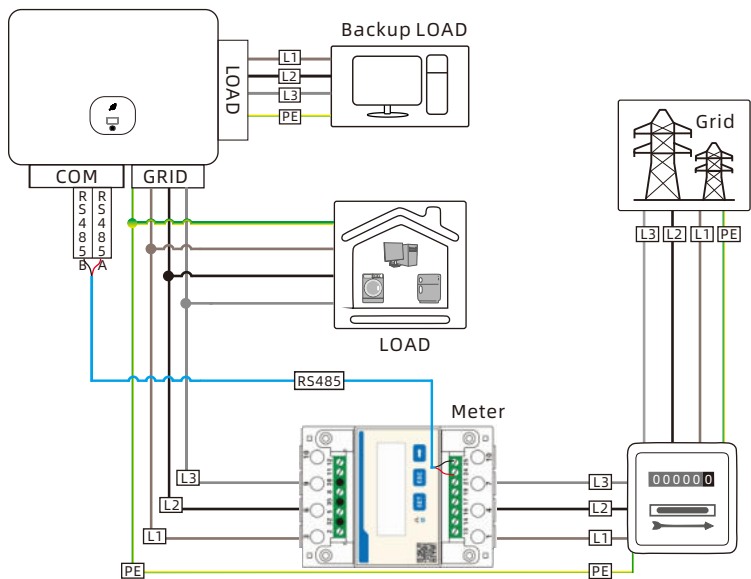
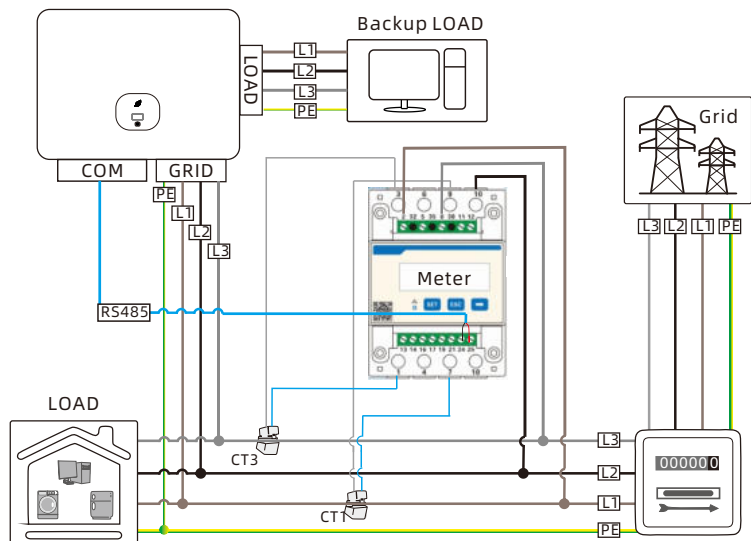


Figure 5-18 3P3W system (with a 3CT CHNT meter)



5.9.3.2 3P4W wiring

Figure 5-19 3P4W system (with a CHNT meter)

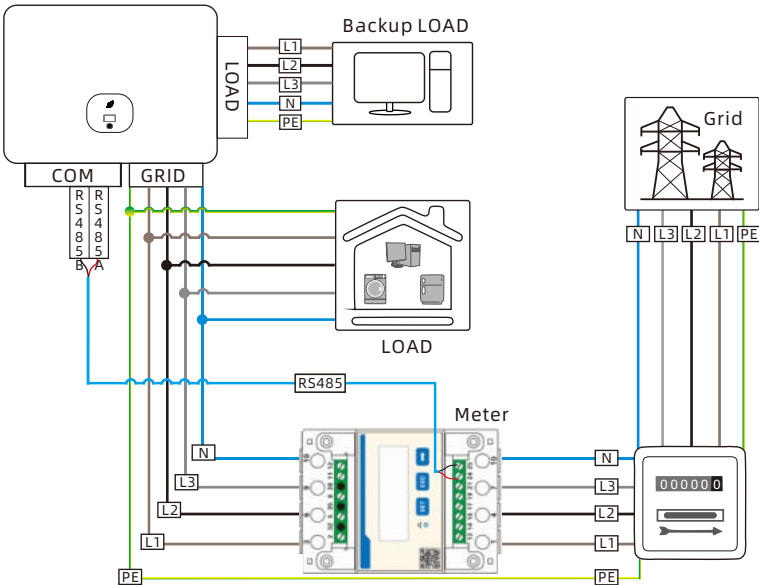
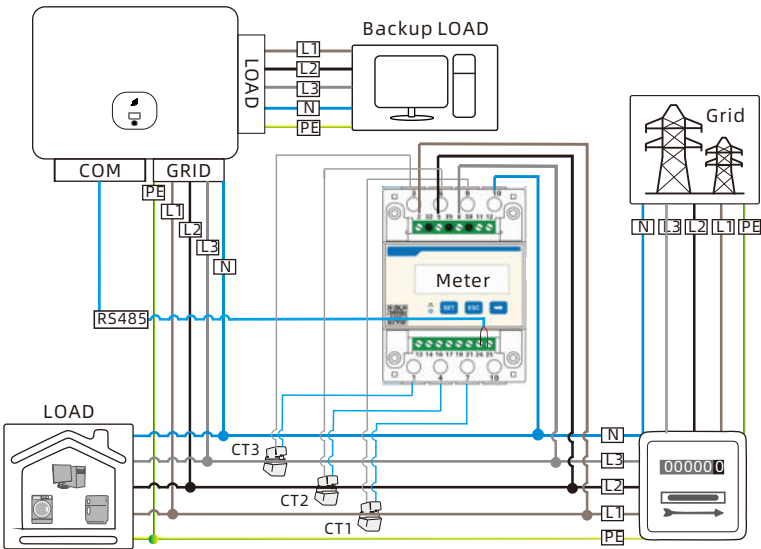


Figure 5-20 3P4W system (with a 3CT CHNT meter)



5.10 Connecting inverters in parallel

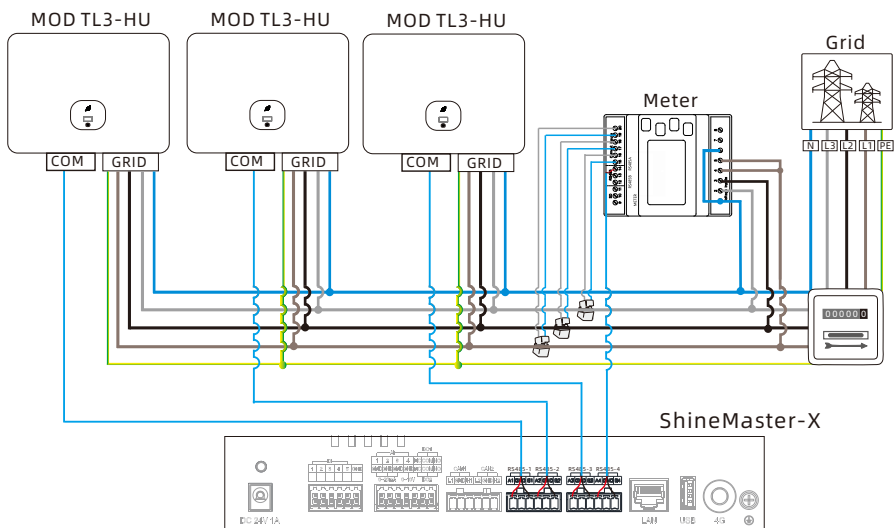


NOTICE


- The following inverter models support the parallel operation for energy scheduling in on-grid mode: MOD TL3-X/X2, MID TL3-X/X2, MAX TL3-X LV, MOD TL3-XH, MID TL3-XH, MOD TL3-HU.
- MOD TL3-HU does support parallel connection with other models.
- Need to be used with a datalogger, ShineMaster-X, SEM-XA-R or GroHomeManager-X to monitor the parallel system. ShineMaster-X needs to be used with a separate meter. If need to use a parallel system, please contact GROWATT.
- To use GroHomeManager-X, you need to upgrade the system first.

5.10.1 System wiring

Figure 5-21 Parallel system wiring diagram



5.11 Connecting the monitoring module



Information

- The datalogger/GroHomeManager-X/SEM-XA-R/ShineMaster-X/WiLan-X2 is an optional accessory and should be purchased by the users separately.

5.11.1 The monitoring module model

With a monitoring module connected, the MOD TL3-HU inverter can be monitored via the cloud server and the APP.

Recommended datalogger model:

Table 5-8 Datalogger specifications

| No. | Brand | Recommended model | Applicable system |
|-----|---------|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1 | GROWATT | • ShineWiLan-X2 | A single inverter |
| 2 | GROWATT | • ShineMaster-X | A single inverter or parallel |
| 3 | GROWATT | • GroHomeManager-X | A single inverter or parallel |

5.11.2 Configuring the SEM-XA-R/ShineMaster-X

Step 1. Setting the communication address of the inverter



Information

- The communication address ranges from 1 to 254.

After the inverter is powered on, you can set the inverter communication address through the RS485 or the USB to WiFi module. Please refer to Section 8.6 for instructions on setting the inverter communication address.

Step 2. Configuring the ShineMaster-X/SEM-XA-R

The SEM-XA-R box comprises the ShineMaster-X and other components. Scan the QR code below to obtain the SEM-XA-R User Manual for guidance on configuring the SEM-XA-R and ShineMaster-X (in Chapter 3).

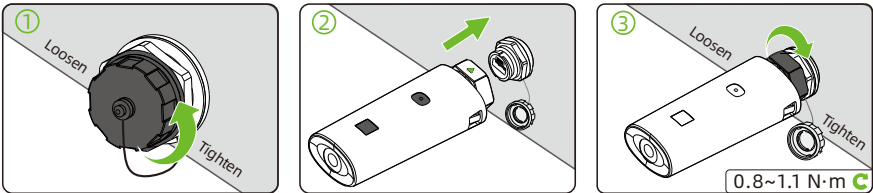


[SEM-XA-R Configuration Guide]

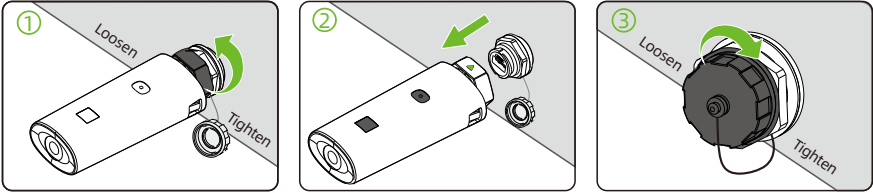
5.11.3 Installing and removing the datalogger

Figure 5-18 Installing and removing the datalogger

Install




Remove



5.11.4 Configuring the datalogger

You can access the configuration guide of the following datalogger models by scan the corresponding QR code.


Table5-9 Datalogger configuration guide

| Datalogger | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| ShineWiLan-X2 Configuration Guide |  |

Human-machine interaction 6

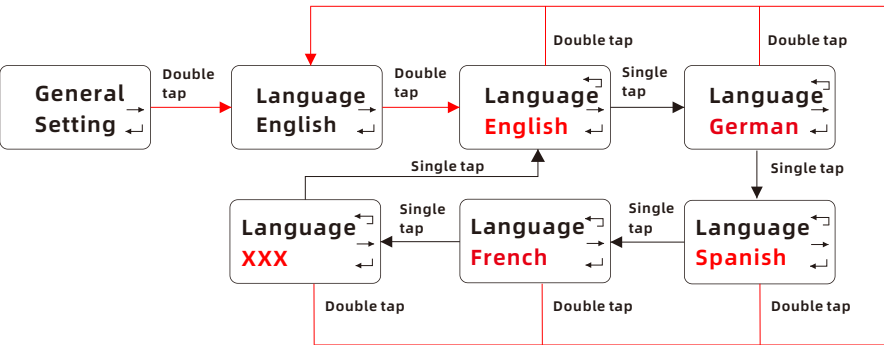
6.1 OLED control

Table 6-1 Touch button

| Symbol | Description | Explanation | |
|---|--------------|-------------------|--|
|  | Touch button | Single tap | Switch pages or increase the number by 1 |
| | | Double tap | Access settings or confirm your setting |
| | | Triple tap | Return to the previous interface |
| | | Long press for 5s | Restore to the default value |

6.2 Setting the language

The MOD inverter offers multiple language options. Single tap to view different options; double tap to confirm your setting. Select the language as shown below:

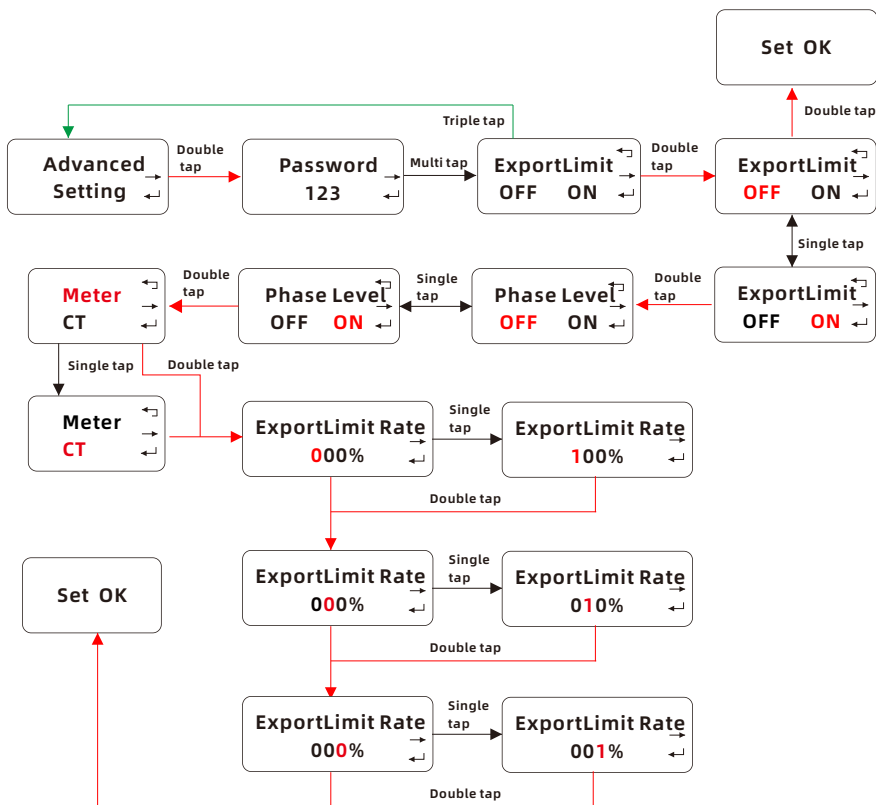


6.3 Setting the communication address

Single tap to increase the number by one; double tap to confirm your setting. Set the time as shown below:

6.6 Setting the export limitation parameters

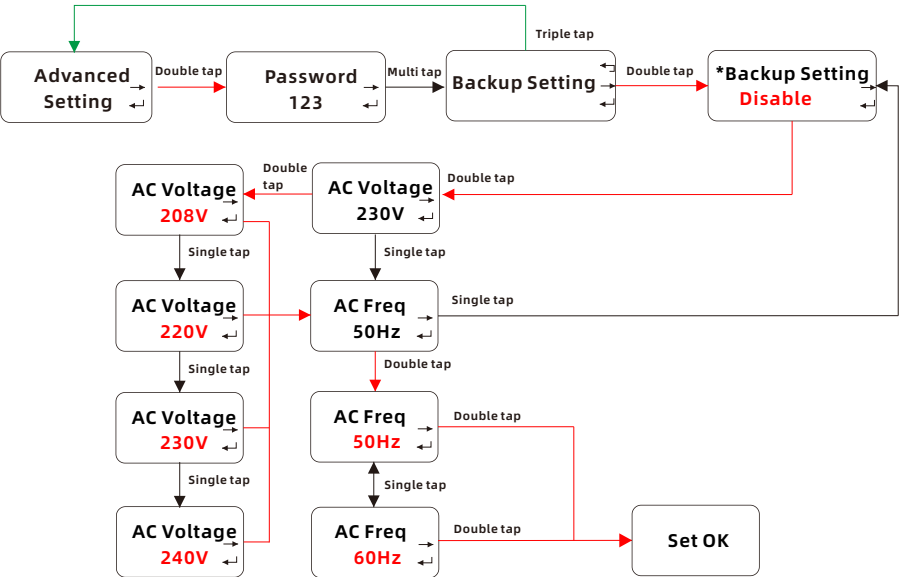
The MOD TL3-HU inverter supports the export limitation function when working with an external energy meter. Users can configure the parameter on the OLED screen. Single tap to view the options available or increase the number by one; double tap to confirm your setting. Set the export limitation parameters as shown below:



6.7 Setting the off-grid function

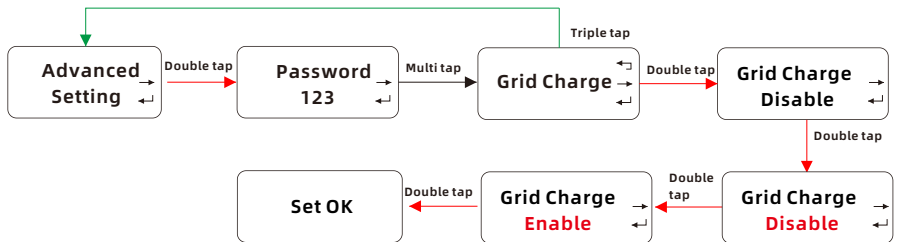
Working with the battery, the MOD TL3-HU inverter can operate in backup mode to supply power to loads when the grid fails. The maximum output power is the inverter's rated power. You can configure the output voltage (set to 230V/400V by default) and the output frequency (set to 50Hz by default) for the backup mode. If the backup mode is disabled (the inverter stops power output when the grid is lost), you can enable the backup mode on the OLED screen. Single tap to view the options or increase the number by one; double tap to confirm your setting. Configure the backup mode as illustrated below:

*Only the current status of the Backup settings is shown here. (Disable or enable)



6.8 Setting the charge from grid function

Working with the battery, the MOD TL3-HU inverter can draw power from the grid to charge the battery. Users can enable the charge from grid function (set to disabled by default) on the OLED screen. Single tap to view the options; double tap to confirm your setting. Configure the charge from grid function as shown below:



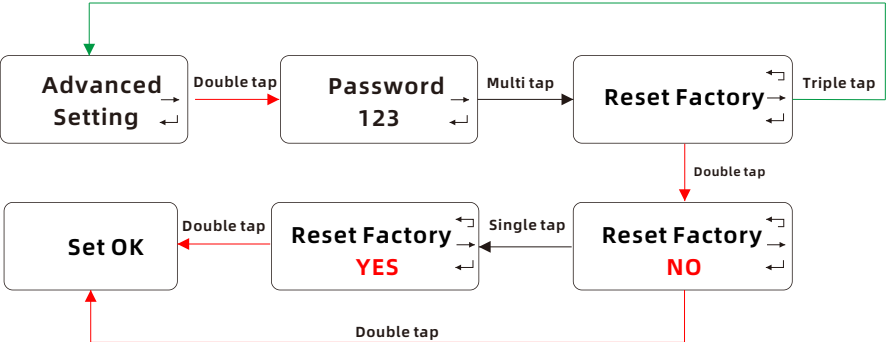
6.9 Restoring to factory settings



Information

- Be aware that with this operation, all parameters, except time and date, will be reset to default values.

Single tap to view the options available or increase the number by one; double tap to confirm your setting.






7 Commissioning

7.1 Checking before powering on the system

Table 7-1 Checking items

| No. | Checking items | Criteria |
|-----|------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Installation of the inverter | The inverter is securely installed |
| 2 | Cable layout | The communication cables and the power cables are separated |
| 3 | Grounding | The grounding cable is correctly and properly connected |
| 4 | Switch | The DC SWITCH and all other breakers connected to the inverter are OFF |
| 5 | Cable connection | The cables on the AC/PV/battery side are correctly and securely connected |
| 6 | Unused terminals & ports | All unused terminals and ports are sealed with waterproof caps |
| 7 | Installation environment | The installation environment meets all the requirements specified in this manual and ensure that the ventilation valve is not obstructed |

7.2 Powering on the system

| | |
|---|--|
|  DANGER | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Wear insulated gloves and use insulated tools to avoid electric shocks or short-circuit accidents. |
|  NOTICE | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Before turning on the AC breaker, check if the AC voltage is within the permissible range using a multimeter. |
|  Information | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• After powering on the system, the OLED screen will display the error code/warning code when a fault/alarm occurs. For detailed troubleshooting suggestions, please see Section 12 Troubleshooting. |

- Step 1. If the inverter is connected to a battery, turn the DC SWITCH on the battery to ON.
- Step 2. Set the DC SWITCH on the left side of the inverter to ON.
- Step 3. Turn on the AC breaker between the inverter and the grid.
- Step 4. Check the running status of the inverter by observing the OLED screen.
- Step 5. Tap the touch button to view information concerning the inverter on the OLED screen.

7.3 Setting the country/region



NOTICE

- For certain models, you need to set the country/area after powering on the system manually.
- If a wrong country/area has been selected, you can reconfigure it in advanced settings. For details, refer to Section 6.4 Setting the country/area.

8 Functions



Information

Note: Setting the following parameters on the ShinePhone APP or the Server webpage requires the password. To access the password, please contact Growatt service personnel.

8.1 Setting the export limitation



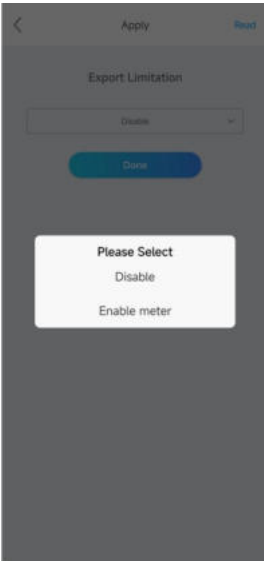
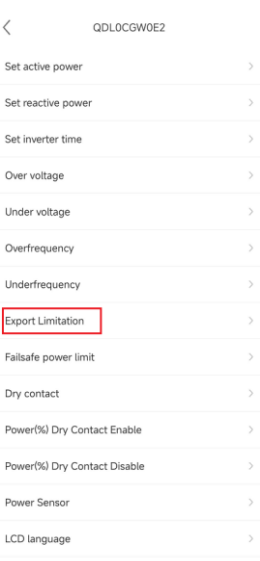
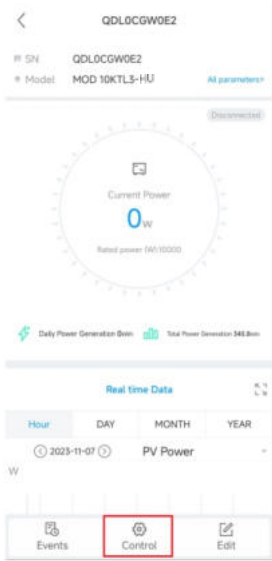
WARNING

- To enable export limitation, a smart meter is required. Please select the meter recommended above; otherwise, the communication protocol may be mismatched.
- Please ensure that all cables are correctly connected and the Export Limitation is enabled.

8.1.1 On the OLED screen

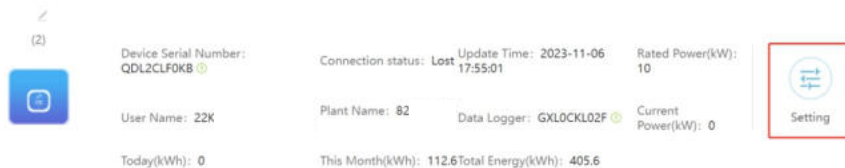
For details, please see Section 6.6 Setting the export limitation parameters.

8.1.2 On the ShinePhone APP

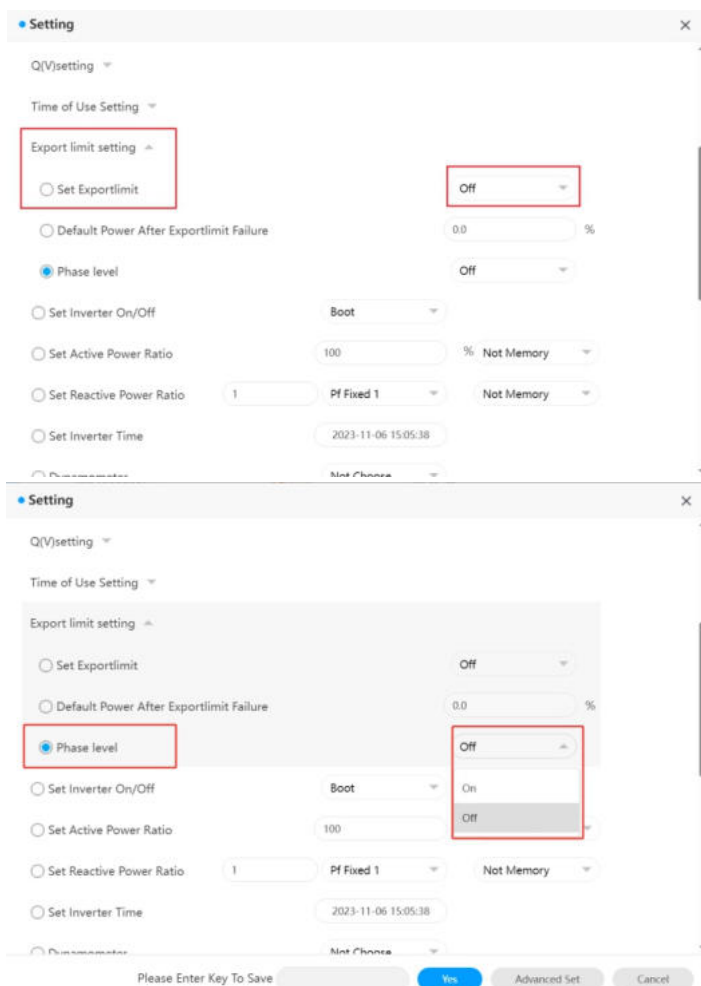


8.1.3 On the Server webpage

Step1. Log in with your Server account



Step2. Setting > Export limit setting > Enable > Set the Phase level



Setting

Q(V)setting

Time of Use Setting

Export limit setting

☐ Set Exportlimit

Off

☐ Default Power After Exportlimit Failure

0.0 %

☒ Phase level

Off

☐ Set Inverter On/Off

Boot

☐ Set Active Power Ratio

100 % Not Memory

☐ Set Reactive Power Ratio

1 Pf Fixed 1 Not Memory

☐ Set Inverter Time

2023-11-06 15:05:38

☐

Not Choose



Please Enter Key To Save

Yes


Advanced Set

Cancel

8.2 DRMS & Remote logic control

| | |
|---|---|
|  <p>CAUTION</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make sure the cable glands have been tightened firmly. • If the cable glands are not mounted properly, the inverter can be destroyed due to moisture and dust penetration. In this case, all the warranties shall be void. |
|  <p>WARNING</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Excessively high voltage can damage the inverter! • External voltage supplying to the DRM PORT should not exceed +5V. |

8.2.1 Demand Response Modes (for AU & NZ only)

| | |
|---|--|
|  <p>Information</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DRMS application description: Applicable to AS/NZS4777.2.2020 DRM0, DRM1, DRM2, DRM3, DRM4, DRM5, DRM6, DRM7, DRM8 are available. • The DRED (Demand Response Enabling Device) is a power grid dispatch device. |
|---|--|

8.2.1.1 Method of asserting demand response modes

Figure 8-1 DRMS wiring diagram

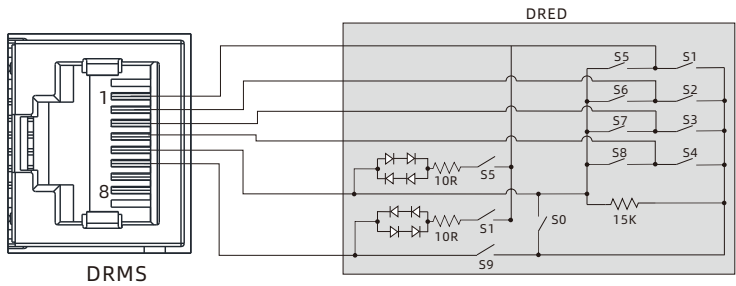
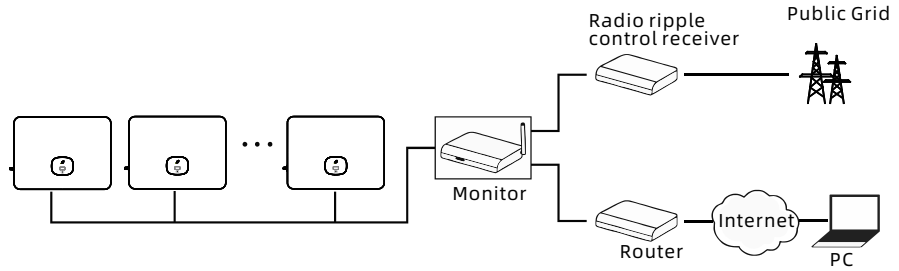


Table 8-1 DRMS function description

| Mode | Switches on DRED | | Function |
|-------|------------------|----|--|
| DRM 0 | S0 | S9 | When switches S0 and S9 are turned on, the inverter will shut down. When switch S0 is turned off and S9 is turned on, the inverter will be grid-tied. |
| DRM 1 | S1 | S9 | Do not consume power |
| DRM 2 | S2 | S9 | Do not consume at more than 48% of rated power |
| DRM 3 | S3 | S9 | Do not consume at more than 73% of rated power. Generates maximum inductive reactive power. |
| DRM 4 | S4 | S9 | Increase power consumption |
| DRM 5 | S5 | S9 | Do not generate power |
| DRM 6 | S6 | S9 | Do not generate at more than 48% of rated power |
| DRM 7 | S7 | S9 | Do not generate at more than 73% of rated power. Generates maximum capacitive reactive power |
| DRM 8 | S8 | S9 | Increase power generation (subject to constraints from other active DRMS) |

8.2.2 Active power control with a RRCR (for EU models)

Figure 8-2 System diagram with the RRCR



8.2.2.1 The following table illustrates the pin assignment and function:

Figure 8-3 RRCR wiring diagram

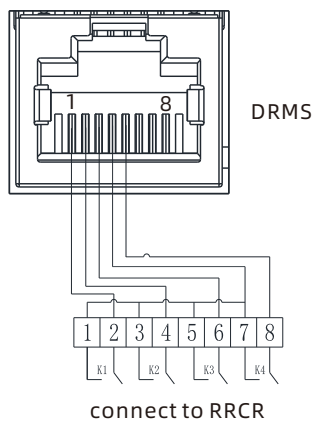


Table 8-2 RRCR wiring description

| DRM Socket Pin NO. | Description | Connected to RRCR |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Relay contact 1 input | K1 – Relay 1 output |
| 2 | Relay contact 2 input | K2 – Relay 2 output |
| 3 | Relay contact 3 input | K3 – Relay 3 output |
| 4 | Relay contact 4 input | K4 – Relay 4 output |
| 5 | GND | Relay's common node |

8.2.2.2 The inverter is preconfigured to the following RRCR power levels:

Table 8-3 Power regulation description

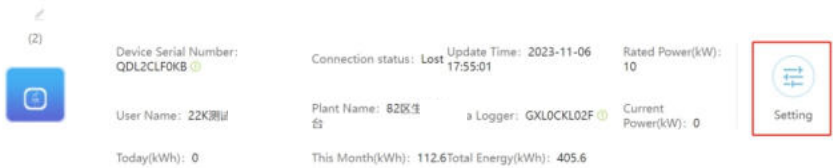
| DRM Socket Pin 1 | DRM Socket Pin 2 | DRM Socket Pin 3 | DRM Socket Pin 4 | Active power | Cos(φ) |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|--------|
| Shorting with Pin 5 | | | | 0% | 1 |
| | Shorting with Pin 5 | | | 30% | 1 |
| | | Shorting with Pin 5 | | 60% | 1 |
| | | | Shorting with Pin 5 | 100% | 1 |

Active power control and reactive power control are enabled separately.

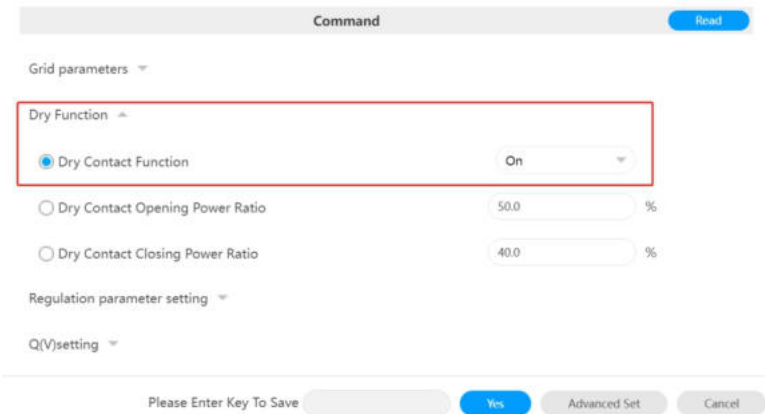
8.3 Setting the dry contact

8.3.1 On the Server webpage

Step 1. Log in with your Server account



Step 2. Setting > Dry Function > Dry Contact Function > On > Yes



Step 3. Set the dry contact opening/closing power

Setting

Information

Device Serial Number: QDL2CLF0KB Alias: Safety Standard: Region A
Data Logger: GXL0CKL02F Property: DN1.0/DNAA055100/ZBDB-0006/S38B00D00T06P0EU01M0064

Command

Read

Grid parameters ▾

Dry Function ▲

☒ Dry Contact Function

On ▾

☐ Dry Contact Opening Power Ratio

50.0 %

☐ Dry Contact Closing Power Ratio

40.0 %

Regulation parameter setting ▾

Q(V)setting ▾

Please Enter Key To Save Yes Advanced Set Cancel

8.3.2 On the ShinePhone APP

QDL0CGW0E2

SN QDL0CGW0E2
Model MOD 10KTL3-HJ All parameters>

Disconnected

Current Power
0 W
Rated power (W):10000

Daily Power Generation 0kWh Total Power Generation 340.8kWh

Real time Data
Hour DAY MONTH YEAR
2023-11-07 PV Power

Events Control Edit

Set active power >

Set reactive power >

Set inverter time >

Over voltage >

Under voltage >

Overfrequency >

Underfrequency >

Export Limitation >

Failsafe power limit >

Dry contact >

Power(%) Dry Contact Enable >

Power(%) Dry Contact Disable >

Power Sensor >

Time of Use Setting >

8.4 Setting the operating modes



WARNING

- The time periods should not overlap; otherwise, the configuration would fail.
- After setting the parameters, please verify that the parameter changes have been successfully adopted.

8.4.1 On the Server webpage

Step 1. Log in with your Server account

Step 2. The time segments are illustrated below, which will only be displayed if a battery is connected.

Setting

Set Inverter On/Off

Boot

Time Slot 1

Load First

00 : 00 ~ 06 : 00

On

Time Slot 2

Grid First

06 : 01 ~ 12 : 00

On

Time Slot 3

Battery First

12 : 01 ~ 23 : 59

On

Time Slot 4

Load First

00 : 00 ~ 00 : 00

Off

Time Slot 5

Load First

00 : 00 ~ 00 : 00

Off

Time Slot 6

Load First

00 : 00 ~ 00 : 00

Off

Time Slot 7

Load First

00 : 00 ~ 00 : 00

Off

Time Slot 8

Load First

00 : 00 ~ 00 : 00

Off

Time Slot 9

Load First

00 : 00 ~ 00 : 00

Off

Please Enter Key To Save

Yes

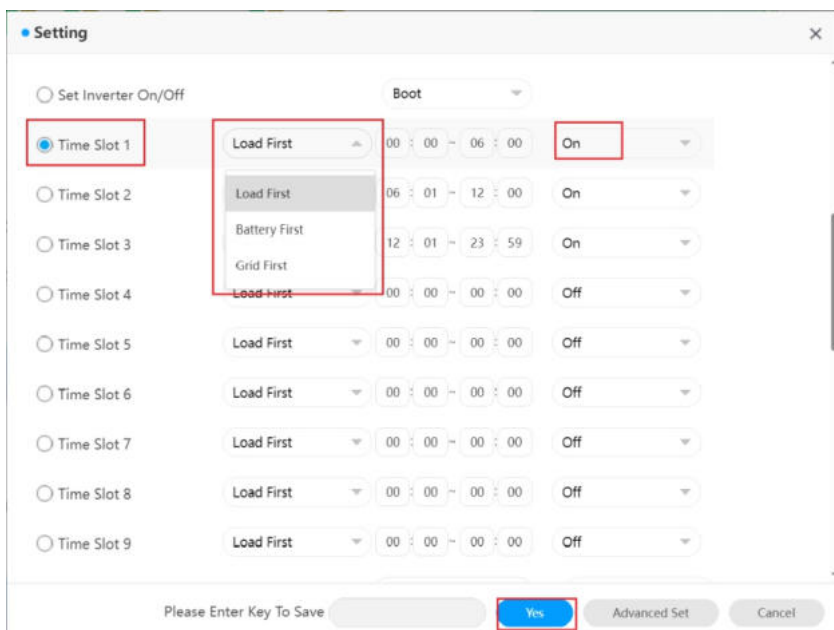
Advanced Set

Cancel

Step 3. Set the operating mode for a specific time segment

Select the specific time segment > select the operating mode > set the start & end time > select "On" .

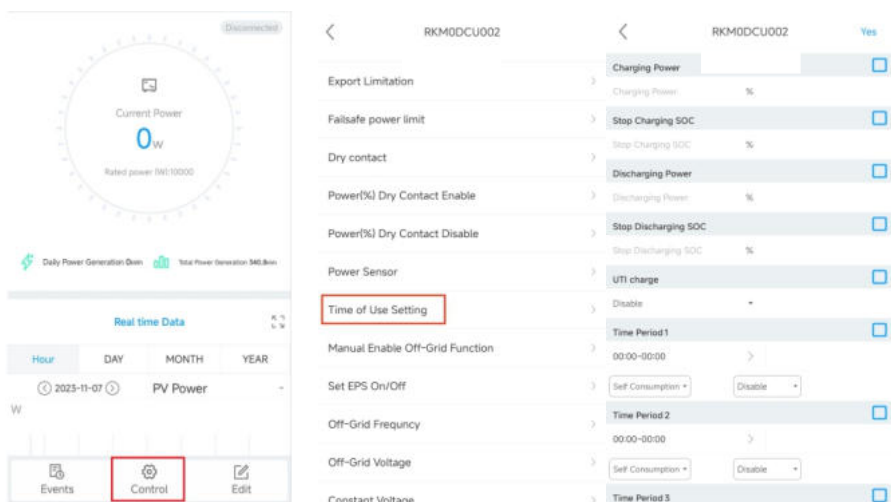
68



Step 4. Setting other time segments

Follow the operations described above to configure other time segments.

8.4.2 On the ShinePhone APP



8.5 AFCI

8.5.1 Enabling the AFCI function

8.5.1.1 On the Server webpage

- Step 1. Log in with your Server account, then click “Setting” .
- Step 2. Select Regulation parameter setting > AFCI On > On > Yes.

Setting

Grid parameters

Dry Function

Off-grid function setting

Regulation parameter setting

Low frequency setting

AC frequency low47.5

AC frequency low 247.5

High frequency setting

AC frequency high51.5

AC frequency high 251.5

Low voltage setting

Setting

AC voltage low318.7

AC voltage low 2318.7

High voltage setting

AC voltage high458.1

AC voltage high 2458.1

AFCIONOn

AFCICheckingOn

AFCIResetOn

AFCIThreshold(Low)(0-65000)

AFCIThreshold(In)(0-65000)

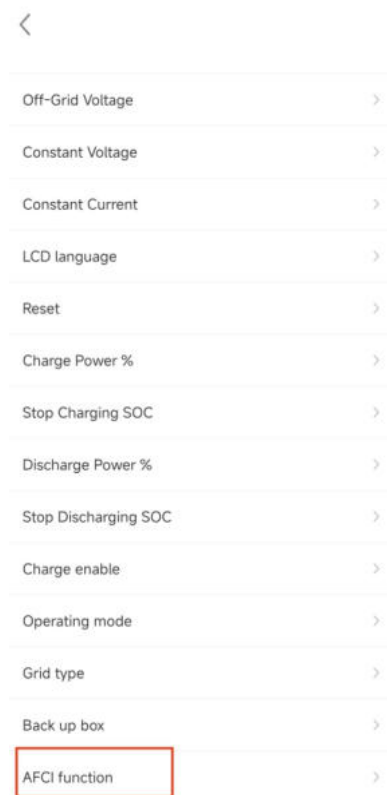
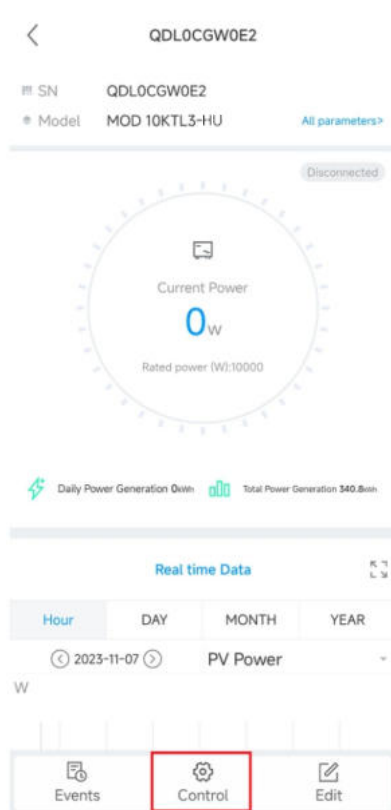
AFCIThreshold(High)(0-65000)

Please Enter Key To Save

Yes

Advanced SetCancel

8.5.1.2 On the ShinePhone APP



8.5.2 Clearing the fault

If "Error 200" is displayed, it indicates that an arc fault has been detected in the PV system. The AFCI will be triggered, and the inverter will be powered off. The inverter has large electrical potential differences between its conductors. Arc flashes can occur through air when high-voltage current flows. Do not work on the product during operation. When the inverter reports Error 200, please proceed as follows:

Step 1. Shut down the system

Disconnect the DC SWITCH on the inverter, the AC breaker and the DC SWITCH on the battery.

Step 2. Check the PV system

Check if the PV voltage is within the permissible range.

Check if the PV terminals are securely in place.

Check if any cable is damaged.

Step 3. Restart the system

Check the system to ensure that no error is found, then proceed to restart the system.

8.6 Setting the COM address of the inverter

For details about setting COM address on the OLED display, please see Section 6.3 Setting the communication address.

8.7 Power de-rating for voltage variation (Volt-Watt mode)

The inverter regulates the output power based on the AC grid voltage. This feature is enabled by default and is considered an advanced function. If you need to modify this setting, please contact the after-sales O&M team for assistance.

8.8 Reactive power regulation for voltage variation (Volt-VAR mode)

The inverter adjusts the input/output power in response to changes of the AC grid voltage. This feature is disabled by default and is considered an advanced function. If you need to modify this setting, please contact the after-sales O&M team for assistance.

8.9 Peak shaving

For most electricity consumers, load demand varies throughout the day, with distinct peaks and troughs. In many regions, grid operators impose additional charges during peak load periods. Peak shaving adjusts battery charging and discharging based on load fluctuations. This reduces reliance on grid power during peak hours and lowers overall electricity costs.

Growatt system ensures that the power drawn from the grid does not exceed the set limit. It charges during off-peak hours and discharges during peak hours to maintain this balance. Additionally, combining peak shaving with modes like self-consumption and TOU (Time of Use) enhances customization and offers tailored solutions to lower electricity costs.

tip: Users of MOD 3-10KTL3-XH(BP) and MID 11-30KTL3-XH models can contact Growatt staff for an upgrade.

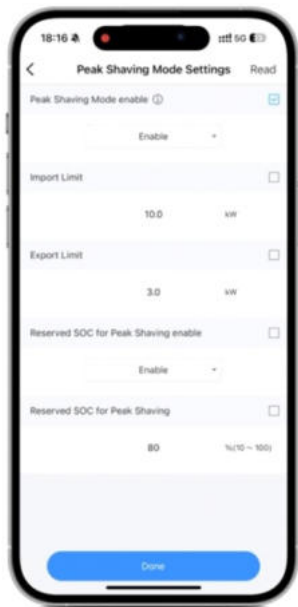
Setup Steps

After upgrading the device firmware, you can set the parameters via ShinePhone, ShineServer, and ShineTools. For the settings for self-consumption and TOU mode, this section provides a step-by-step guide specifically for peak shaving settings.

8.9.1 ShinePhone APP

Steps

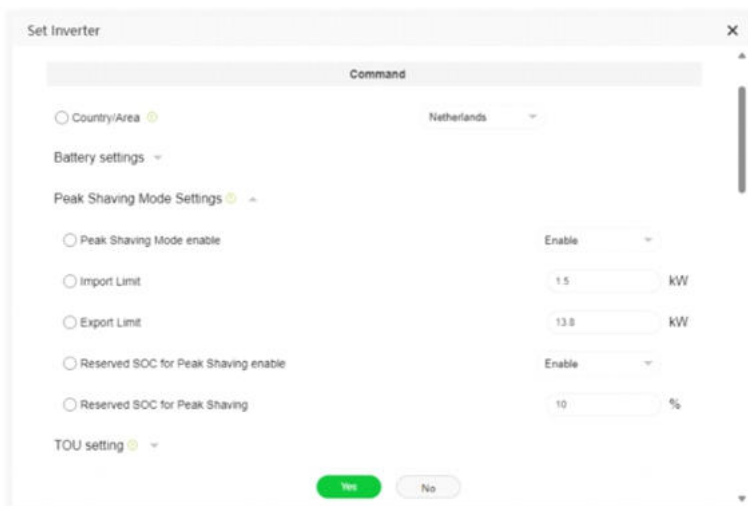
- 1) Download the latest ShinePhone APP and log in with your account.
- 2) Plant → My device list → Select inverter and view details → Control → Peak shaving mode settings
- 3) Set the peak shaving parameters according to your load demands.



8.9.2 ShineSever System

Steps

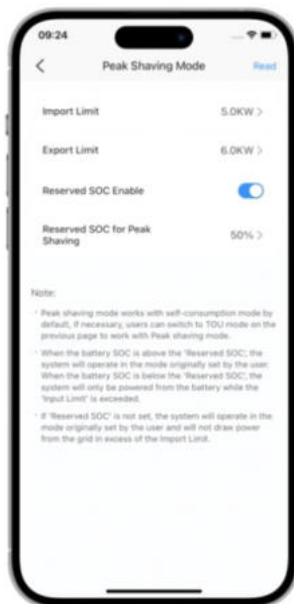
- 1) Log in with your account.
- 2) Device → Setting → Peak Shaving Mode Settings.
- 3) Set the peak shaving parameters according to your load demands.



8.9.3 ShineTools APP (Local Configuration)

Steps

- 1) Download the latest ShineTools APP and connect with your device.
- 2) EMS → Work Mode → Peak Shaving Mode → Mode Setting
- 3) Set the peak shaving parameters according to your load demands.





8.10 System renovation mode

The detection system checks whether there is any excess energy in the power grid. If there is excess energy, it uses the output power of a third-party inverter to charge the battery. When the third-party inverter fails to meet the load demand, the battery discharges to supply power to the load. The following functions can be achieved:

1. Self-consumption, the system will prioritize meeting the load demand and then feed the excess energy back to the grid.
2. Anti-reverse current function.
3. EMS energy management, setting priority modes by time period.
4. Off-grid mode, the system can operate independently (with three-phase imbalance).
5. Load power monitoring, monitoring the real-time power of the load.
6. Cloud monitoring can be realized through the collector.

System maintenance 9

To ensure the long-term and reliable operation of the system, it is recommended to perform maintenance on a regular basis as instructed in this section.

| | |
|--|---|
|  DANGER | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• If the inverter is connected to a DC/DC high-voltage controller and the off-grid mode is enabled, disconnect the AC circuit breaker between the inverter and the grid, the inverter will output 230/240V voltage in the off-grid mode. Before maintaining the system, ensure that the DC SWITCH on the DC/DC high voltage controller is set to OFF. |
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• After the system is powered off, there may still be residual electricity and heat in the inverter, which could lead to electric shock or burns. Wait 5 minutes after turning off the system and wear protective gloves before performing any operations on the inverter. |

9.1 Powering off the system

Follow these steps to power off the system:

Step 1. Turn off the AC breaker between the inverter and the grid.

Step 2. Set the DC SWITCH on the inverter to OFF.

Step 3. If there is a DC breaker between the inverter and the PV string, disconnect the DC breaker.

Step 4. If the inverter is connected to a battery, set the DC SWITCH on the battery to OFF.

9.2 Checking items and Maintenance frequency

| Checking item | Checking content | Interval |
|------------------|---|------------------|
| Cleaning | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check if the heat sink and the fan are obstructed or blocked by dust periodically. | Once a year |
| Operation status | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check if the inverter's exterior is damaged or deformed.• Check for any abnormal sounds during operation. | Every six months |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check the operating status of the system on the APP. | Regularly |
| Cable connection | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check if any cable is in poor contact or loose connection.• Examine cables for any damage.• Check for melting at terminal connections | Every six months |
| Grounding | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Verify if the grounding cable is securely connected. | Every six months |
| Sealing | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Inspect the sealing of all terminals and interfaces. | Every six months |
| Environment | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Inspect and clear any weeds around the inverter before they wither. | Once a year |

10 Decommissioning

10.1 Removing the inverter

- Disconnect all electrical connections from the inverter, including the RS485 communication cable, DC input cables, AC output cables, battery cables, and the grounding cable.
- Remove the inverter from the mounting bracket.
- Take away the mounting bracket.


10.2 Packing the inverter

- If the original package is available, please place the inverter in the original box and tie it with tapes.
- If the original package is not available, please put the inverter in a carton box that is suitable for its dimensions and weight.

10.3 Storing the inverter

Store the inverter in a dry place and keep the temperature between -25°C and 60°C.

10.4 Disposing of the inverter

| | |
|---|--|
|  | <p>Do not dispose of the product together with the household waste but in accordance with the disposal regulations for electronic waste applicable at the installation site.</p> |
|---|--|

Specification 11

11.1 MOD TL3-HU series

| Model Specifications | MOD 3000TL3-HU | MOD 4000TL3-HU | MOD 5000TL3-HU | MOD 6000TL3-HU |
|---|----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Input data (DC) | | | | |
| Recommended Max. PV power (for module STC) | 6000W | 8000W | 10000W | 12000W |
| Max. DC voltage | 1000V | | | |
| Start voltage | 160V | | | |
| Full power voltage range | 400V~800V | | | |
| Nominal voltage | 600V | | | |
| MPPT voltage range | 140V-1000V | | | |
| No. of MPPT trackers | 2 | | | |
| No. of PV strings per MPPT tracker | 1/1 | 1/1 | 1/1 | 1/1 |
| Max. input current per MPPT tracker | 20A/20A | 20A/20A | 20A/20A | 20A/20A |
| Max. short-circuit current per MPPT tracker | 25A/25A | | | |
| Backfeed current to PV array | 0A | | | |
| DC Battery | | | | |
| Compatible battery (only) | APX 5.0-30.0P-S2 (5kWh~30kWh) | | | |
| Operating voltage range | 600 V ~ 980V | | | |
| Max. operating current | 25A | 25A | 25A | 25A |
| Max. discharge power | 3000W | 4000W | 5000W | 6000W |
| Max. charge power | 9000W | 12000W | 15000W | 15000W |
| Output data (On-gird) | | | | |
| Nominal AC power | 3000W | 4000W | 5000W | 6000W |
| Max. AC apparent power | 3300VA | 4400VA | 5500VA | 6600VA |
| Nominal AC voltage/range | 220/380V 230/400V | | | |

| Model Specifications | MOD 3000TL3-HU | MOD 4000TL3-HU | MOD 5000TL3-HU | MOD 6000TL3-HU |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| AC grid frequency/range | 50/60 Hz 45~55Hz/55-65 Hz | | | |
| Max. output current | 5.0A | 6.7A | 8.3A | 10.0A |
| Power facto (@nominal power) | >0.99 | | | |
| THD | <3% | | | |
| AC grid connection type | 3W+N+PE/3W+PE | | | |
| Efficiency | | | | |
| Max. efficiency | 98.3% | | | |
| Euro-eta | 97.50% | | | |
| Output data (Backup) | | | | |
| Nominal output power | 3000W | 4000W | 5000W | 6000W |
| Max. apparent power | 3600VA | 4800VA | 6000VA | 7200VA |
| Max. output power of single phase | 1200W | 1600W | 2000W | 2400W |
| Nominal AC output voltage | 220V/380V 230V/400V | | | |
| Nominal AC output frequency | 50Hz/60Hz | | | |
| Max. output current | 5.5A | 7.3A | 9.1A | 10.9A |
| Power factor | 0.8 leading to 0.8 lagging | | | |
| THDv | <3% | | | |
| DCV | ≤300mV AVG | | | |
| Switch time | <150ms | | | |
| Protection devices | | | | |
| DC reverse-polarity protection | YES | | | |
| DC switch | YES | | | |
| DC surge protection | Type II | | | |
| Insulation resistance monitoring | YES | | | |
| AC surge protection | Type II | | | |

| Model Specifications | MOD 3000TL3-HU | MOD 4000TL3-HU | MOD 5000TL3-HU | MOD 6000TL3-HU |
|---|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| AC short-circuit protection | YES | | | |
| Grid monitoring | YES | | | |
| Anti-islanding protection | YES | | | |
| Residual-current monitoring unit | YES | | | |
| String fuse protection | NO | | | |
| String monitoring | YES | | | |
| AFCI protection | Configurable | | | |
| General data | | | | |
| Dimensions (W / H / D) in mm | 468*408*202mm | | | |
| Weight | 19kg | | | |
| Operating temperature range | -25°C ... +60°C (>45°C Derating) | | | |
| Noise emission (typical) | ≤29dB(A) | | | |
| Altitude | 4000m | | | |
| Internal consumption at night | <20W | | | |
| Topology | Transformerless | | | |
| Cooling | Natural heat dissipation | | | |
| IP rating | IP66 | | | |
| Relative humidity | 0~100% | | | |
| DC connection | H4/MC4 (OPT) | | | |
| AC connection | Waterproof PG connector + OT terminal (Grid and Load integration) | | | |
| Interfaces | | | | |
| Display | OLED+LED+WIFI+APP | | | |
| USB/RS485/CAN | YES | | | |
| WiLan-X2/ GroHomeManager-X/ShineMaster-X | Configurable | | | |

| Model Specifications | MOD 7000TL3-HU | MOD 8000TL3-HU | MOD 9000TL3-HU | MOD 10KTL3-HU |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Input data (DC) | | | | |
| Recommended Max. PV power (for module STC) | 14000W | 16000W | 18000W | 20000W |
| Max. DC voltage | 1000V | | | |
| Start voltage | 160V | | | |
| Full power voltage range | 400V~800V | | | |
| Nominal voltage | 600V | | | |
| MPPT voltage range | 140V-1000V | | | |
| No. of MPPT trackers | 2 | | | 3 |
| No. of PV strings per MPPT tracker | 1/1 | 1/1 | 1/1 | 1/1/1 |
| Max. input current per MPPT tracker | 20A/20A | 20A/20A | 20A/20A | 20A/20A/20A |
| Max. short-circuit current per MPPT tracker | 25A/25A | 25A/25A | 25A/25A | 25A/25A/25A |
| Backfeed current to PV array | 0A | | | |
| DC Battery | | | | |
| Compatible battery (only) | APX 5.0-30.0P-S2 (5~30kWh) | | | |
| Operating voltage range | 600 V ~ 980 V | | | |
| Max. operating current | 25A | | | |
| Max. discharge power | 7000W | 8000W | 9000W | 10000W |
| Max. charge power | 15000W | | | |
| Output data (on-grid) | | | | |
| Nominal AC power | 7000W | 8000W | 9000W | 10000W |
| Max. AC apparent power | 7700VA | 8800VA | 9900VA | 11000VA |
| Nominal AC voltage/range | 220/380V 230/400V | | | |

Note: The Max. AC apparent power of the Belgium (BE) MOD 10KTL3-HU model is 10000VA.

| <div>Model</div> <div>Specifications</div> | MOD 7000TL3-HU | MOD 8000TL3-HU | MOD 9000TL3-HU | MOD 10KTL3-HU |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| AC grid frequency/range | 50/60 Hz 45~55Hz/55-65 Hz | | | |
| Max. output current | 11.7A | 13.3A | 15.0A | 16.7A |
| Power facto (@nominal power) | >0.99 | | | |
| THD | <3% | | | |
| AC grid connection type | 3W+N+PE/3W+PE | | | |
| Efficiency | | | | |
| Max. efficiency | 98.6% | | | |
| Euro-eta | 98.10% | | | |
| Output data (Backup) | | | | |
| Nominal output power | 7000W | 8000W | 9000W | 10000W |
| Max. apparent power | 8400VA | 9600VA | 10800VA | 12000VA |
| Max. output power of single phase | 2800W | 3200W | 3600W | 4000W |
| Nominal AC output voltage | 220V/380V 230V/400V | | | |
| Nominal AC output frequency | 50Hz/60Hz | | | |
| Max. output current | 12.7A | 14.5A | 16.4A | 18.2A |
| Power factor | 0.8 leading to 0.8 lagging | | | |
| THDv | <3% | | | |
| DCV | ≤300mV AVG | | | |
| Switch time | <150ms | | | |
| Protection devices | | | | |
| DC reverse-polarity protection | YES | | | |
| DC switch | YES | | | |
| DC surge protection | Type II | | | |
| Insulation resistance monitoring | YES | | | |
| AC surge protection | Type II | | | |

| <div>Model</div> <div>Specifications</div> | MOD 7000TL3-HU | MOD 8000TL3-HU | MOD 9000TL3-HU | MOD 10KTL3-HU |
|---|--|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| AC short-circuit protection | YES | | | |
| Grid monitoring | YES | | | |
| Anti-islanding protection | YES | | | |
| Residual-current monitoring unit | YES | | | |
| String fuse protection | NO | | | |
| String monitoring | YES | | | |
| AFCI protection | Configurable | | | |
| General data | | | | |
| Dimensions (W / H / D) in mm | 468*408*202mm | | | |
| Weight | 19kg | | | |
| Operating temperature range | -25~60°C (>45°C Derating) | | | |
| Noise emission (typical) | ≤29dB(A) | | | |
| Altitude | 4000m | | | |
| Internal consumption at night | <20W | | | |
| Topology | Transformerless | | | |
| Cooling | Natural heat dissipation | | | |
| IP rating | IP66 | | | |
| Relative humidity | 0~100% | | | |
| DC connection | H4/MC4 (OPT) | | | |
| AC connection | Waterproof PG connector + OT terminal (Grid and Load integration) | | | |
| Interfaces | | | | |
| Display | OLED+LED+WIFI+APP | | | |
| USB/RS485/CAN | YES | | | |
| WiLan-X2/ GroHomeManager -X/ShineMaster-X | Configurable | | | |

| <div>Model</div> <div>Specifications</div> | MOD 11KTL3-HU | MOD 12KTL3-HU | MOD 13KTL3-HU | MOD 15KTL3-HU |
|---|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Input data (DC) | | | | |
| Recommended Max. PV power (for module STC) | 22000W | 24000W | 26000W | 30000W |
| Max. DC voltage | 1000V | | | |
| Start voltage | 160V | | | |
| Full power voltage range | 400V~800V | | | |
| Nominal voltage | 600V | | | |
| MPPT voltage range | 140V-1000V | | | |
| No. of MPPT trackers | 3 | | | |
| No. of PV strings per MPPT tracker | 1/1/1 | 1/1/1 | 1/1/1 | 1/1/1 |
| Max. input current per MPPT tracker | 20A/20A/20A | 20A/20A/20A | 20A/20A/20A | 20A/20A/20A |
| Max. short-circuit current per MPPT tracker | 25A/25A/25A | | | |
| Backfeed current to PV array | 0A | | | |
| DC Battery | | | | |
| Compatible battery (only) | APX 5.0-30.0P-S2 (5~30kWh) | | | |
| Operating voltage range | 600 V ~ 980 V | | | |
| Max. operating current | 25A | | | |
| Max. discharge power | 11000W | 12000W | 13000W | 15000W |
| Max. charge power | 15000W | | | |
| Output data (on-grid) | | | | |
| Nominal AC power | 11000W | 12000W | 13000W | 15000W |
| Max. AC apparent power | 12100VA | 13200VA | 14300VA | 16500VA |
| Nominal AC voltage/range | 220/380V 230/400V | | | |
| AC grid frequency/range | 50/60 Hz 45~55Hz/55-65 Hz | | | |
| Max. output current | 18.3A | 20A | 21.7A | 25A |

| <div>Model</div> <div>Specifications</div> | MOD 11KTL3-HU | MOD 12KTL3-HU | MOD 13KTL3-HU | MOD 15KTL3-HU |
|--|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Power factor (@nominal power) | >0.99 | | | |
| THD | <3% | | | |
| AC grid connection type | 3W+N+PE/3W+PE | | | |
| Efficiency | | | | |
| Max. efficiency | 98.6% | | | |
| Euro-eta | 98.10% | | | |
| Output data (Backup) | | | | |
| Nominal output power | 11000W | 12000W | 13000W | 15000W |
| Max. apparent power | 13200VA | 14400VA | 15600VA | 18000VA |
| Max. output power of single phase | 4400W | 4800W | 5200W | 6000W |
| Nominal AC output voltage | 220V/380V 230V/400V | | | |
| Nominal AC output frequency | 50Hz/60Hz | | | |
| Max. output current | 20A | 21.8A | 23.6A | 27.3A |
| Power factor | 0.8 leading to 0.8 lagging | | | |
| THDv | <3% | | | |
| DCV | ≤300mV AVG | | | |
| Switch time | <150ms | | | |
| Protection devices | | | | |
| DC reverse-polarity protection | YES | | | |
| DC switch | YES | | | |
| DC surge protection | Type II | | | |
| Insulation resistance monitoring | YES | | | |
| AC surge protection | Type II | | | |
| AC short-circuit protection | YES | | | |
| Grid monitoring | YES | | | |

| Model Specifications | MOD 11KTL3-HU | MOD 12KTL3-HU | MOD 13KTL3-HU | MOD 15KTL3-HU |
|---|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Anti-islanding protection | YES | | | |
| Residual-current monitoring unit | YES | | | |
| String fuse protection | NO | | | |
| String monitoring | YES | | | |
| AFCI protection | Configurable | | | |
| General data | | | | |
| Dimensions (W / H / D) in mm | 468*408*202mm | | | |
| Weight | 20kg | | | |
| Operating temperature range | -25~60°C (>45°C Derating) | | | |
| Noise emission (typical) | ≤29dB(A) | | | |
| Altitude | 4000m | | | |
| Internal consumption at night | <20W | | | |
| Topology | Transformerless | | | |
| Cooling | Natural heat dissipation | | | |
| IP rating | IP66 | | | |
| Relative humidity | 0~100% | | | |
| DC connection | H4/MC4 (OPT) | | | |
| AC connection | Waterproof PG connector + OT terminal (Grid and Load integration) | | | |
| Interfaces | | | | |
| Display | OLED+LED+WIFI+APP | | | |
| USB/RS485/CAN | YES | | | |
| WiLan-X2/ GroHomeManager -X/ShineMaster-X | Configurable | | | |

12 Troubleshooting

An error message will be displayed on the OLED screen and the LED indicator will turn red when a fault occurs, indicating that a system fault or an inverter fault has occurred. In some cases, you may need to contact Growatt for technical assistance.

12.1 System alarm

12.1.1 Inverter alarm

| Protect Code | Description | Troubleshooting |
|--------------|--|--|
| Protect 200 | PV string fault | 1. Check if the PV panels are normal after shutdown. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 201 | PV string/PID quick-connect terminals abnormal | 1. Check the wiring of the string terminals after shutdown. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 202 | DC SPD function abnormal | 1. Check the DC SPD after shutdown. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 203 | Pv1 or PV2 short circuited | 1. Check if PV1 or PV2 is short circuited. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 204 | Dry contact function abnormal | 1. Check the wiring of the dry contact after shutdown. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 205 | PV boost driver abnormal | 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 206 | AC SPD function abnormal | 1. Check the AC SPD after shutdown. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 207 | USB flash drive overcurrent protection | 1. Unplug the USB flash drive. 2. Plug in the USB flash drive again after shutdown. 3. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |

| Protect Code | Description | Troubleshooting |
|--------------|---|--|
| Protect 208 | DC fuse blown | 1. Check the fuse after shutdown. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 209 | DC input voltage exceeds the upper threshold | 1. Turn off the DC switch immediately and check the DC voltage. 2. If the DC voltage is within the specified range and the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 210 | PV wiring abnormal | 1. Check the polarity of the PV terminals. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 217 | BDC abnormal | 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 218 | BDC Bus disconnected | 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 219 | PID function abnormal | 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 220 | PV string disconnected | 1. Check if the PV string is properly connected. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 221 | PV string current unbalanced | 1. Check if the PV panels of the corresponding string are normal. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 300 | No utility grid connected or utility grid power failure | 1. Check if the grid is down. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 301 | Grid voltage is beyond the permissible range | 1. Check if the grid voltage is within the specified range. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |

| Protect Code | Description | Troubleshooting |
|--------------|---|--|
| Protect 302 | Grid frequency is beyond the permissible range | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check if the grid frequency is within the specified range. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 303 | Off-grid mode, overload | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Please reduce the load connected to the off-grid output terminal. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 400 | Fan failure | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check if the fan is properly connected after shutdown. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 401 | Meter abnormal | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check if the meter is turned on. 2. If the meter is correctly connected to the inverter. |
| Protect 406 | Boost circuit malfunction | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 407 | Over-temperature | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 408 | NTC temperature sensor is broken | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 409 | Reactive power scheduling communication failure | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check if ShineMaster is turned on. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 411 | Sync signal abnormal | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check if the sync cable is abnormal. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 421 | AC power overdemandlimit | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Detect load power 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |

| Protect Code | Description | Troubleshooting |
|--------------|---|--|
| Protect 600 | DC component excessively high in output current | 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 601 | DC component excessively high in output voltage | 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 602 | Off-grid output voltage too low | 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 603 | Off-grid output voltage too high | 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 604 | Off-grid output overcurrent | 1. Check if the load power exceeds the specification limit. 2. Restart the inverter. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 605 | Off-grid bus voltage too low | 1. Check if the load power exceeds the specification limit. 2. Restart the inverter. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 606 | Off-grid output overloaded | 1. Check if the load power exceeds the specification limit. 2. Restart the inverter. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 607 | Communication with the backup box is abnormal | 1. Check the communication wiring of the backup box after powering off the device. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 608 | Backup box is abnormal | 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Protect 609 | Balanced circuit abnormal | 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |

12.1.2 Battery alarm

| Code | Description | Troubleshooting |
|------------------------|--|---|
| Battery Warning 404(0) | Abnormal EEPROM | Please contact Growatt support. |
| Battery Warning 410(0) | External oscillation abnormal | 1. Restart the machine. 2. If the fault message still exists, contact the manufacturer. |
| Battery Warning 410(1) | Oscillation abnormal | 1. Restart the machine. 2. If the fault message still exists, contact the manufacturer. |
| Battery Warning 410(2) | USB communication abnormal | 1. Restart the machine, and replace the USB flash drive. 2. If the fault message still exists, contact the manufacturer. |
| Battery Warning 411(6) | Parallel communication failed | 1. Power off the machine and check the communication cables between PM and PM, then restart the machine. 2. If the fault message still exists, contact the manufacturer. |
| Battery Warning 431(0) | BOOT abnormal | 1. Restart the machine. 2. If the fault message still exists, contact the manufacturer. |
| Battery Warning 500(0) | Abnormal CAN communication during parallel operation | 1. Power off the machine and check the communication cables between PM and PM, then restart the machine. 2. If the fault message still exists, contact the manufacturer. |
| Battery Warning 500(7) | BM went offline | 1. Power off the machine and check the communication cables between BM and BM, then restart the machine. 2. If the fault message still exists, contact the manufacturer. |

| Code | Description | Troubleshooting |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Battery Warning 500(9) | Abnormal communication with PM | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Power off the machine and check the communication cables between BM and BM, then restart the machine. 2. If the fault message still exists, contact the manufacturer. |
| Battery Warning 701(0) | Battery not discharging alarm | The battery SOC reaches the preset discharge cutoff SOC. Therefore, the battery is not allowed to discharge. |
| Battery Warning 702(0) | Forced charge is required | The battery SOC is lower than the preset discharge cutoff SOC. Therefore, forced charge is required. |
| Battery Warning 703(0) | Battery is fully charged | The battery SOC reaches the preset charge cutoff SOC. Therefore, the battery is not allowed to be charged. |
| Battery Warning 704(0) | PM to INV overvoltage | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Power off the machine and check the power cables between PM and INV, then restart the machine. 2. If the fault message still exists, contact the manufacturer. |
| Battery Warning 705(0) | PM to INV overvoltage | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Power off the machine and check the power cables between PM and INV, then restart the machine. 2. If the fault message still exists, contact the manufacturer. |
| Battery Warning 707(0) | Overload protection | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reduce the load power, then restart the machine. 2. If the fault message still exists, contact the manufacturer. |
| Battery Warning 708(0) | Discharge Overload Anomaly | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reduce the load power, then restart the machine. 2. If the fault message still exists, contact the manufacturer. |

12.2 System fault

12.2.1 Inverter fault

| Error code | Description | Troubleshooting |
|------------|---|--|
| Error 200 | DC arc fault has been detected | 1. After shutdown, check the connection of the PV string. 2. Restart the inverter. 3. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 201 | An excessively high leakage current has been detected | 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 202 | PV input voltage exceeds the upper threshold | 1. Disconnect the DC switch immediately and check the voltage. 2. If the PV input voltage is within the permissible range and the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 203 | PV panels have low insulation resistance | 1. Check if the PV strings are properly grounded. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 300 | Grid voltage is beyond the permissible range | 1. Check the grid voltage. 2. If the grid voltage is within the permissible range and the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 301 | AC terminals reversed | 1. Check the connection of the AC output terminals. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 302 | No utility grid connected or utility grid power failure | 1. After shutdown, check the AC wiring. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 304 | Grid frequency is beyond the permissible range | 1. Check the grid frequency and restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |

| Error code | Description | Troubleshooting |
|------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Error 305 | Overload | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check if the load exceeds the output power upper limit; if so, please reduce the load. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 309 | ROCOF Fault | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the grid frequency and restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 311 | Export limitation fail-safe | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. After shutdown, check the connection of the CT and the meter. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 401 | High DC component in output voltage | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Error 402 | High DC component in output current | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Error 403 | Output current unbalanced | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check if the output current is balanced after shutdown. 2. If the error message persists, contact Growatt support. |
| Error 404 | Bus voltage sampling abnormal | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 405 | Relay failed | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 407 | Auto-test failed | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |

| Error code | Description | Troubleshooting |
|------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Error 408 | Over-temperature | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. After shutdown, check the temperature of the inverter and restart the inverter after the temperature is within the acceptable range. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 409 | Bus voltage abnormal | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 411 | Internal communication failure | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the wiring of the communication board after shutdown. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 412 | Temperature sensor disconnected | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check if the temperature sensor module is properly connected. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 416 | DC/AC overcurrent protection | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 420 | GFCI module abnormal | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the GFCI module after shutdown. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 424 | INV current waveform abnormal | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 425 | AFCI self-test failure | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 426 | PV current sampling abnormal | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |

| Error code | Description | Troubleshooting |
|------------|--|--|
| Error 427 | AC current sampling abnormal | 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 428 | BOOST short-circuited | Please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 429 | BUS soft start failed | 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 600 | Off-grid output short-circuited | 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, please contact |
| Error 601 | Off-grid Bus Volt Low | 1. Check if the battery is working properly or the battery experiences capacity loss. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 602 | Abnormal Volt at the off-grid terminal | 1. Check if the battery is working properly or the battery experiences capacity loss. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 603 | Soft start failed | 1. Restart the machine. 2. If the fault message still exists, contact the manufacturer. |
| Error 604 | Off-grid output voltage abnormal | 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 605 | Balanced circuit self-test failed | 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 606 | High DC component in output voltage | 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |

| Error code | Description | Troubleshooting |
|------------|--|--|
| Error 607 | Off-grid output overload | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 608 | Off-grid parallel signal abnormal | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check if the communication cables are properly connected. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 609 | Backup box is not detected | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. After shutdown, check the signal wiring for identifying the backup box. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 610 | Off-grid split-phase voltage abnormal | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Power off the system and check if the backup box split-phase transformer and the control relay are abnormal. 2. Restart the system. 3. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 700 | Abnormal communication between the backup box and the inverter | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Power off the system and check if the backup box split-phase transformer and the control relay are abnormal. 2. Restart the system. 3. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 701 | Backup box grid-side relay failure | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check if the communication cable between the inverter and the backup box is properly connected. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 703 | Backup box on-grid overload | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restart the backup box. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Error 705 | Overheat inside the backup box | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reduce the load. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |

12.2.2 Battery fault

| Error code | Description | Troubleshooting |
|----------------------|--|--|
| Battery Error 407(0) | BM output power cable connection is abnormal | 1. Power off the machine and check the power cables, then restart the machine. 2. If the fault message still exists, contact the manufacturer. |
| Battery Error 411(0) | Communication between the PM and Inverter is abnormal | 1. Power off the machine and check the communication cables between PM and INV, then restart the machine. 2. If the fault message still exists, contact the manufacturer. |
| Battery Error 411(1) | Communication between the PM's monitoring and main control chip is abnormal control chip | 1. Power off the machine and check the communication cables between PM and PM, then restart the machine. 2. If the fault message still exists, contact the manufacturer. |
| Battery Error 411(5) | Abnormal communication with BM | 1. Power off the machine and check the communication cables between PM and PM, then restart the machine. 2. If the fault message still exists, contact the manufacturer. |
| Battery Error 411(7) | Multiple Masters parallel communication failure | 1. Power off the machine and check the communication cables between PM and INV, then restart the machine. 2. If the fault message still exists, contact the manufacturer. |
| Battery Error 416(1) | Hardware malfunction | 1. Power off the machine and check the power cables, then restart the machine. 2. If the fault message still exists, contact the manufacturer. |
| Battery Error 417(1) | When a mismatch between software and hardware MODEL is detected, it is set immediately. | 1. Power off the machine and check the power cables, then restart the machine. 2. If the fault message still exists, contact the manufacturer. |

| Error code | Description | Troubleshooting |
|----------------------|--|---|
| Battery Error 417(3) | When the detection main board and control board do not match, it is immediately set. Note: Currently only applicable to Japanese models. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Power off the machine and check the communication cables between PM and INV, then restart the machine. 2. If the fault message still exists, contact the manufacturer. |
| Battery Error 419(5) | PM's software and hardware versions are inconsistent | Please contact Growatt support. |
| Battery Error 502(0) | Battery voltage is low | Check if the battery-side voltage is within normal range (single pack > 32V or so) through web monitoring data. If the battery voltage is lower than 32V, please contact the manufacturer to replace BM. |
| Battery Error 506(2) | PM fuse blown | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Power off the machine and check the power cables between PM and INV, then restart the machine. 2. If the fault message still exists, contact the manufacturer. |
| Battery Error 506(3) | PM output short-circuited | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Power off the machine and check the insulation breaker, then restart the machine. 2. If the error message persists, please contact Growatt support. |
| Battery Error 700(0) | Internal temperature sampling resistor is open-circuited | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. When the temperature of the machine is close to - 40°C (-40°F), it will raise this alarm. 2. If the temperature is higher than -40°C(- 40°F) when this alarm is reported, please contact Growatt support. |